FlexPak® Plus D-C V★S® Drive





# **Instruction Manual D-3900-6**

June, 1994

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# 1: Receive and Accept the FlexPak Plus Controller

# Receive and Accept the Shipment

The Reliance® Electric FlexPak Plus Single-Phase D-C Drive (herein referred to as the Controller) has been designed, manufactured and thoroughly tested to provide many years of reliable service. The shipping container in which you received your Controller has been specifically designed to protect it during transportation and handling.

Reliance Terms of Sale, in all instances, are Freight On Board (F.O.B.) point of origin. It is your responsibility to thoroughly inspect the equipment before accepting shipment from the transportation company.

If any of the items called for on the bill of lading or express receipt are damaged or are not included, do not accept the shipment until the freight or express agent makes an appropriate notation on your freight bill or express receipt.

The consignee is responsible for making claim against the carrier for any shortage or damage occurring in transit. Claims for loss or damage in shipment must not be deducted from the Reliance invoice, nor should payment of the Reliance invoice be withheld while awaiting adjustment of such claims since the carrier guarantees safe delivery.

If considerable damage has been incurred and the situation is urgent, contact the nearest Reliance Sales Office for assistance. To find the nearest Reliance Electric Sales Office for assistance, call toll-free 1-800-245-4501.

# Store the Controller

After receipt inspection, repack the Controller in its original shipping container until ready for installation. To ensure satisfactory operation at startup and to maintain warranty coverage, store the controller as follows:

- In its original shipping container in a clean, dry, safe place;
- In an ambient temperature that does not exceed 65°C (149°F) or goes below -30°C (-22°F);
- Within a relative humidity range of 5 to 95% without condensation;
- Away from a corrosive atmosphere. In harsh environments, cover the shipping/storage container.

• At an altitude of less than 3,000 meters (10,000 ft.) above sea level.

# File a Return Request

To return the Controller, send a written request to Reliance Electric within ten days of receipt. Do not return equipment without a numbered Equipment Return Authorization Form, available from your local Reliance Electric Sales Office. To find the nearest Reliance Electric Sales Office for assistance, call toll-free 1-800-245-4501. Reliance Electric reserves the right to inspect the equipment on site.

## Drive Identification Nameplate

Your controller has a nameplate on the front cover which identifies the specific model number design, applicable A-C input power and D-C output power data. Refer to the nameplate in Figure 1.1. All communications concerning this product should refer to the appropriate model number information.

The technical power information should be referenced to verify proper power application.

RELIA ELEC	NC TRI	<b>5</b> 6	(	<b>D</b> ®	LIST COM	TED IND	). 382R	WMS
FLEXPAK PL	US				M/N	14C10	)4U	
SER NO UC	001-X	S						
		KVA 5	H	P@0.8	Pf 1/	M D39	00-5	
AC INPUT	230	VOLTS	35	MAX	AMPS	50/60	HZ 1	PH
AC OUT	180	VOLTS	25	MAX	AMPS	;		
SHORT CIR	CUIT	SYM RM	S RA	TING	5000 /	AMPS		
ENCLOSUR	EC	ASSIS				w	/D3000	2

Figure 1-1. Typical FlexPak Plus Nameplate.

# 2: Introduction to the Controller

# Scope of This Manual

This manual familiarizes you with the FlexPak Plus D-C Controller. It describes receiving, storage, application, implementation and installation procedures and provides an overview of specifications and operations.

Read this manual in its entirety before installing and powering the Controller. Observe all danger notes, warning notes, and caution notes; these precautions point out potentially hazardous procedures and conditions. All three types of precautions are enclosed in a box to call attention to them.

- A DANGER alerts a person that high voltage is present that could result in severe bodily injury or loss of life.
- A WARNING alerts a person to potential bodily injury if procedures are not followed.
- A CAUTION alerts a person that if procedures are not followed, damage to, or destruction of equipment could result.

## DANGER

ONLY QUALIFIED ELECTRI-CAL PERSONNEL FAMILIAR WITH THE CONSTRUCTION AND OPERATION OF THIS EQUIPMENT AND THE HAZ-ARDS INVOLVED SHOULD IN-STALL, ADJUST, OPERATE AND/OR SERVICE THIS EQUIPMENT, READ AND UN-**DERSTAND THIS MANUAL IN** ITS ENTIRETY BEFORE PRO-CEEDING. FAILURE TO OB-SERVE THIS PRECAUTION COULD RESULT IN SEVERE **BODILY INJURY OR LOSS OF** LIFE.

## FlexPak Plus Single-Phase D-C Controller Specifications

### Input Voltage and Frequency Ratings:

Nominal Line Voltage	115 or 230 VAC
Number of Phases	Single
Voltage Variation	+ 10% of Nominal
Nominal Line Frequency	50 or 60 cycles
Frequency Variation	+ 2 cycles of Nominal

### A-C Line Fault Ampacity:

Allowable A-C Line Symmetrical

Fault Current (RMS) ...... 5000 amps (with NEC or CEC approved external disconnect)

### A-C Line KVA:

Maximum Source KVA	(See Table 2.1)
Multiple Drives per Line	Maximum 3 Drives per Line
Minimum Source KVA	(See Table 2.1)

### D-C Voltage Ratings:

115 VAC Line:	
Armature Voltage	90 VDC
Field Voltage	50 or 100 VDC

230 VAC Line:	
Armature Voltage	180 VDC
Field Voltage	100 or 200 VDC

#### **Service Factor Ratings:**

Service Factor Overload Capacity (controller only) Minimum Load	1.0 Continuous 1.5 of full load rating for one minute 5% of rated load
Service Conditions:	
Thermal: Chassis Cabinet	55°C Maximum 40°C Maximum
Altitude: Chassis and Cabinet Above 3300 feet	3300 feet above sea level Derate 3% for every 1000 ft above 3300 ft up to 10,000 ft.
Humidity: Chassis and Cabinet	5 to 95% Non-condensating
Environment	The Controller should be located in an area that is free of dust, dirt, acidic or caustic vapors, vibration and shock, temperature extremes, and electrical or electromagnetic noise interference.

### **Basic Regulator Maximum Recommended Operating Adjustments:**

**CAUTION:** The following adjustments are maximum safe operating ranges. Potentiometers on the regulator, particularly current limit, may exceed these ranges. Failure to observe this precaution could result in damage to, or destruction of, equipment.

Maximum Speed	50 to 100% of motor base speed
Minimum Speed	0 to 50% of motor base speed
Current Limit	10 to 150% of rated load
IR Drop Compensation	0 to 12% of armature voltage at rated load
Acceleration Rate	0.5 to 30 sec
Deceleration Rate	0.5 to 30 sec

#### Regulation (with 95% load change):

Armature Voltage Regulation	2 to 3% of base speed with IR Drop
	Compensation
Speed Regulation (RE045 or 5PY tach)	1.0% of base speed
(BC42 tach)	0.5% of base speed

#### **Speed Range:**

#### **Drive Efficiency:**

Controller Only	97% (rated load and speed)
Controller and Motor	85% typical <sup>(1)</sup>

<sup>(1)</sup>Typical percent shown. Figure depends on motor base speed and frame size.

#### **Displacement Power Factor:**

<sup>(1)</sup>Typical percent shown. Figure depends on motor base speed and frame size.

## FlexPak Plus Single-Phase D-C Controller Description

The Reliance Electric FlexPak Plus Single-Phase D-C Controller is a full-wave power converter without back rectifier, complete with an analog current minor loop and an analog major loop for armature voltage or speed regulation by tachometer feedback. The product line has been set-up to be sold as follows (Refer to Table 2-1):

A. Basic Chassis Controller without Auxiliary Panel: Includes power converter, field supply and regulator. The Auxiliary Panel which includes the A-C power fuses and armature loop contactor(s) is not included when these components are supplied by others.

B. Complete Chassis Controller with Auxiliary Panel: Includes the power converter, field supply and regulator. The Auxiliary Panel which includes the A-C power fuses and armature loop contactor(s) is included. This is a complete packaged drive and is described in detail in this manual.

See Table 2-2 for Isolation Transformer Specifications and Table 2-3 for fuse requirements.

In addition, Reliance offers a wide range of modification kits which broaden the application range of the Basic Controller. These kits are pre-engineered and all plug into specific circuits of the Basic Controller or the Auxiliary Panel. A summary of these kits is presented in Table 2-4.

Model	Number						Opti	onal		Ira K\	nst. /A
Basic	Complete	ΗР	VAC	A-C Amps (RMS)	D-C Arm. (Volts)	D-C Arm. Amps Avg.	D-C Field Volts	Amp. MAX	Power Supply Capacity <sup>(2)</sup>	МАХ	MIN
14C50	14C101	1/4	115	3.5	90	2.5	100	3.0	5000	40.0	0.50
		1/3	115	5.2	90	3.7	100	3.0	5000	40.0	0.75
		1/2	115	7.0	90	5.0	100	3.0	5000	40.0	1.50
		3/4	115	10.5	90	7.5	100	3.0	5000	40.0	1.50
14C51	14C102	1/2	230	3.5	180	2.5	200	3.0	5000	40.0	1.50
		3/4	230	5.2	180	3.7	200	3.0	5000	40.0	1.50
		1	230	7.0	180	5.0	200	3.0	5000	40.0	2.00
		1 1/2	230	10.5	180	7.5	200	3.0	5000	40.0	3.00
14C52	14C103	2	230	14.0	180	10.0	200	3.0 <sup>1</sup>	5000	40.0	5.00
		3	230	21.0	180	15.0	200	3.0 <sup>1</sup>	5000	40.0	10.0
14C53	14C104	5	230	35.0	180	25.0	200	3.0 <sup>1</sup>	5000	40.0	10.0

### **Table 2-1. Controller Model Numbers**

1Standard

<sup>2</sup>Maximum permissible available symmetrical RMS fault current with NEC or CEC external approved disconnect.

НР	kVA	Primary Vac	Secondary Vac	Reliance Part Number
1/4	0.5	230/460	115	77530-16A
	0.5	575	115	77530-17A
1/3	0.75	230/460	115	77530-16B
	0.75	575	115	77530-17B
1/2-3/4	1.5	115	115	77530-15D
		230/460	115	77530-16D
		575	115	77530-17D
		230/460	230	77530-16D
		575	230	77530-17D
1	2.0	230/460	230	77530-16E
		575	230	77530-17E
1-1 1/2	3.0	230/460	230	77530-16F
		575	230	77530-17F
2	5.0	230/460	230	77530-16G
		575	230	77530-17G
3-5	10.0	230/460	230	77530-16H
		575	230	77530-17H

Table 2-2. Isolation Transformer Specifications.

NOTE: Smaller drives through 3/4 HP @ 115 VAC and 2.0 HP @ 230 VAC may be used with permanent magnetic field motors, and those drive models are supplied without a D-C field supply.

#### Table 2-3. Fuse Requirements.

		Dual Elem K5, RK5, 25	ent Class 0VAC Fuse	
HP	A-C Line Volts	Quantity	АМР	Reliance Part Number
1/4-3/4	115	11	15	64676-1W
1/2-1 1/2	230	2	15	64676-1W
2-3	230	2	30	64676-1Z
5	230	2	50	64676-1AD

<sup>1</sup>Install fuse in input line L1 (hot line).

#### Table 2-4. Controller Modification Kits.

Kit Model Number	Kit Name	Functional Description	Instruction Manual
14C214	Dynamic Braking Resistor 1/4 to 1/2 HP @115 VAC 2.0 to 3.0 HP @230 VAC	Dynamic braking resistor for reduced stopping time.	-
14C215	3/4 HP @115 VAC		-
14C216	1/2 to 1 1/2 HP @230 VAC 5 HP @230 VAC		-
14C219 (B/M 54379-1)	Auxiliary "M" Contactor	Provides isolated Form C contact status of Drive "M" Contactor.	-
14C221	Tachometer Feedback	Interfaces between the tachometer and the regulator when speed regulations is desired.	D-3969
14C222	Instrument Interface/Preset Speed Reference	Allows drive to follow an instrument signal of 0-5, 1-5, 4-20 or 10-50 milliamp signal. Can also be used for drive preset speed reference.	D-3967

Kit Model Number	Kit Name	Functional Description	Instruction Manual
14C223	Voltage/Tachometer Follower	Enables drive to follow a reference source that is inde- pendently generated.	D-3971
14C224	Torque Taper	Allows adjustment of slope and break point of drive speed – torque curves – increases current limit with speed, i.e. center window.	-
14C225	Test Meter Adapter	Provides a safe and convenient means to measure and monitor drive regulator analog signals.	D-3970
14C226	Automatic Reversing	Enables automatic reversal of the armature loop con- tactors. (requires the drive to be equipped with a re- versing contactor.) In this mode, the motor's energy is returned to the A-C line (inverting]. This kit is intended for <u>very infrequent</u> automatic reversal. If the second quadrant mode [inverting] is frequently used, an invert- ing fault circuit breaker should be added.	-
14C230	Dancer Follower	Enables automatic control of the drive by a line speed signal, trimmed by a dancer roll potentiometer.	D-3966
14C232	Major Loop Tuning	Allows the User to change the proportional and integral gain of the major loop.	
14C233	Dancer Position Regulator	Provides a center seeking position regulator for dancer controlled applications.	D2-3207
14C237	Shunt Field Supply	Provides a full wave field excitation for shunt wound D-C motors. 3 amp capacity included on all drives 2 HP and higher.	-
14C276	"M" Contactor Adapter	Provides the interconnecting cable to connect the con- tactor into the regulator sequencing circuit when the Basic Controller is used.	-
14C293	Contactor Reversing	Second armature contactor and connecting control cable to convert unidirectional drive into reversing drive.	D2-3293
9C200	Operator's Station	Standard NEMA 4 control station; Start Pushbutton Stop Pushbutton Run/Jog Switch Speed Setting Pot	-
9C300	Operator's Station	Standard NEMA 4 control station; Start Pushbutton Stop Pushbutton Run/Jog Switch Forward/Reverse Switch Speed Setting Pot	_
9C42	Speed Potentiometer	2 watt, 5K ohm potentiometer with knob for separate mounting.	-
9C43	Speed Rheostat	4 inch, 5K ohm rheostat with large knob for separate mounting.	-
9C47	Remote Tork Limit Potentiometer	Remote control of tork limit 10K ohm potentiometer for separate mounting.	-
9C50	Speed Rheostat with LV1	4 inch, 5K ohm rheostat with large knob for separate mounting, low voltage interlock.	_
9C55	Automatic – Manual Selector Switch	Selects Auto/Manual mode of reference source for separate mounting.	-

## Table 2-4. Controller Modification Kits. (Continued)

# 3: Install and Wire The Drive

#### DANGER

ONLY QUALIFIED ELECTRI-CAL PERSONNEL FAMILIAR WITH THE CONSTRUCTION AND OPERATION OF THIS EQUIPMENT AND THE HAZ-ARDS INVOLVED SHOULD INSTALL, ADJUST, OPERATE AND/OR SERVICE THIS EQUIPMENT. READ AND UNDERSTAND THIS MANUAL IN ITS ENTIRETY BEFORE PROCEEDING. FAILURE TO **OBSERVE THIS PRECAUTION** COULD RESULT IN SEVERE BODILY INJURY OR LOSS OF LIFE.

#### DANGER

THE USER IS RESPONSIBLE FOR CONFORMING TO THE NATIONAL ELECTRICAL CODE (NEC) AND ALL OTHER APPLICABLE LOCAL CODES WITH RESPECT TO WIRING PRACTICES. GROUNDING, DISCONNECTS, AND OVER-CURRENT PROTECTION ARE OF PARTICULAR IMPOR-FAILURE TO OB-TANCE. SERVE THIS PRECAUTION COULD RESULT IN SEVERE BODILY INJURY OR LOSS OF LIFE.

### DANGER

THIS EQUIPMENT IS AT LINE VOLTAGE WHEN A-C POWER IS CONNECTED. DISCON-NECT AND LOCKOUT ALL UNGROUNDED CONDUC-TORS OF THE A-C POWER LINE. FAILURE TO OBSERVE THIS PRECAUTION COULD RESULT IN SEVERE BODILY INJURY OR LOSS OF LIFE.

## General

This Section outlines the procedures that are to be followed to properly install the FlexPak Plus Single-Phase D-C Drive. Refer to Figure 3-2 for mounting dimensions.

## Install the Controller – Panel Layout

The controller is designed as a panel mount unit and must be hung within 10° of vertical with the rear of the chassis firmly bolted to the mounting surface. Do not mount the chassis in a horizontal position.

Leave 2 inches (50 mm) clearance between the top of one Drive and the bottom of another Drive. This area must remain unobstructed for proper air circulation through the heat sink. Do not place the controller directly in a corner, leave at least 8 inches (200 mm) from the top and 6 inches (150 mm) from the bottom of the cabinet.

Regardless of the above placement guidelines, the user is responsible for ensuring that the Controller's ambient specification of 0 to 55°C is met. Relative humidity must be kept within 5% to 95% without condensation.



Figure 3.1 – Enclosure Mounting Minimum Distances

## Controller Mounting Dimensions



Figure 3-2. Controller Mounting Dimensions.

# **Install The Motor**

- 1. Verify that the motor is the appropriate rating to use with the controller.
- 2. Install the D-C motor in accordance with its own installation instructions.
- 3. Make sure that coupled applications have proper shaft alignment with the driven machine or that belted applications have proper sheave/belt alignment to minimize unnecessary motor loading.

# **Install A Disconnect**

### DANGER

THIS EQUIPMENT IS AT LINE VOLTAGE WHEN A-C POWER IS CONNECTED. DISCON-NECT AND LOCKOUT ALL UNGROUNDED CONDUC-TORS OF THE A-C POWER LINE. FAILURE TO OBSERVE THESE PRECAUTIONS COULD RESULT IN SEVERE BODILY INJURY OR LOSS OF LIFE. 1. Any fused disconnect or circuit breaker in the incoming A-C line must accommodate a maximum symmetrical A-C fault current of 5,000 amperes.

The National Electrical Code requires that a two pole, fused disconnect switch be installed on the incoming A-C line ahead of the Drive. Fuses for this disconnect switch should be chosen from Table 2-3. They should be dual element, slow blow type, or Class K5. The disconnect switch should be within clear view of machine operating and maintenance personnel for easy access and safety. An open-type switch with provisions for a padlock is recommended.

# Wire The Drive

Reference Figure 3-3 when wiring the drive.



Figure 3-3. Drive Connection Diagram.

#### DANGER

THE USER IS RESPONSIBLE FOR CONFORMING TO THE NEC AND ALL OTHER APPLI-CABLE LOCAL CODES WITH RESPECT TO WIRING PRAC-TICES, GROUNDING, DIS-CONNECTS AND OVERCUR-RENT PROTECTION ARE OF PARTICULAR IMPORTANCE. FAILURE TO OBSERVE THIS PRECAUTION COULD RE-SULT IN SEVERE BODILY INJURY OR LOSS OF LIFE.

### DANGER

THIS EQUIPMENT IS AT LINE VOLTAGE WHEN A-C POWER IS CONNECTED. DISCON-NECT AND LOCKOUT ALL UNGROUNDED CONDUC-TORS OF THE A-C POWER LINE. FAILURE TO OBSERVE THESE PRECAUTIONS COULD RESULT IN SEVERE BODILY INJURY OR LOSS OF LIFE.

Ground the Controller and Enclosure, the Motor and the Operator's Control Station.

#### DANGER

CONNECT THE GROUND WIRE BROUGHT IN WITH THE **INCOMING A-C POWER LINE** TO THE CONTROLLER GROUND POINT. CONNECT APPROPRIATE EQUIP-AN MENT GROUNDING CONDUC-TOR UNBROKEN FROM THE THE CONTROLLER GROUND POINT, THE MOTOR FRAME, THE TRANSFORMER ENCLO-SURE IF USED, THE CON-TROLLER ELECTRICAL EN-CLOSURE, THE WIRING CON-DUITS, AND THE OPERA-TOR'S CONTROL STATION TO AN APPROPRIATE GROUND-ING ELECTRODE. FAILURE TO OBSERVE THESE PRE-CAUTIONS COULD RESULT IN SEVERE BODILY INJURY OR LOSS OF LIFE.

- 1. Locate the Controller ground point provided.
- 2. Run a suitable equipment grounding conductor **unbroken** from the Controller ground point (see step 1) to the plant ground (grounding electrode). A ring lug is recommended at the ground point.
- Connect a suitable grounding conductor from each conduit to this controller ground point.
- Connect a suitable equipment grounding conductor to the motor frame, the transformer enclosure if used, and the controller enclosure. Run this conductor unbroken to the grounding electrode.
- Connect the GND (green/ground) wire brought in with the incoming A-C power line to the controller ground point.

### **General Wiring Practices**

The Controller is designed for A-C and D-C power entry at the top and control and signal wiring to enter from the sides or bottom.

Reference signal wiring should be run in a separate conduit isolated from all A-C and D-C power and control. All reference signals should be wired with either twisted double or twisted triple conductor wire, 2 twists per inch, stranded copper, AWG No. 16, 600 VAC rated, poly-vinyl chloride insulation, with a temperature range of 40 –  $105^{\circ}$ C ( $104 - 221^{\circ}$ F). Signal wires should not be run in parallel with high voltage or electrically noisy conductors. Always cross such conductors at 90°.

Tachometer Feedback, Instrument Interface and Voltage/Tachometer Follower signal wiring should be run in a separate conduit isolated from all A-C and D-C power and logic control. Wiring should be the same as for the reference signals above. For mounting with external contactors and solenoids, coils should be suppressed to reduce noise.

### Wire A-C Power to the Controller

#### DANGER

THE DRIVE REQUIRES A SINGLE-PHASE POWER SOURCE OF EITHER 115 VAC OR 230 VAC, 50 OR 60 HZ, IF THE CORRECT VOLTAGE IS NOT AVAILABLE, A TRANS-FORMER MUST BE IN-STALLED BETWEEN THE POWER SOURCE AND THE DRIVE. DO NOT OPERATE THE CONTROLLER WITH AVAILABLE SHORT CIRCUIT CURRENTS IN EXCESS OF **5000 AMPERES. FAILURE TO OBSERVE THESE PRECAU-**TIONS COULD RESULT IN SEVERE BODILY INJURY OR LOSS OF LIFE.

- Size the A-C line supply conductors for the specific controller rating and according to all applicable codes.
- Run the A-C line supply to fuses L1 and L2 at the top of the Controller if an optional auxiliary panel is used.

#### **Power Transformation**

Although auto transformers may step up or down the A-C power supply voltage, they do not isolate the Drive from the A-C line. Users should consider using an isolation transformer in lieu of an auto transformer for the following advantages:

- Should a person come in contact with the A-C incoming line, an isolation transformer would reduce the risk of severe or fatal injury.
- A-C power line disturbances and transients are minimized by an

isolation transformer, thus reducing or eliminating possible damage to solid state components.

 With an isolation transformer, the Drive is free of plant power system grounds, providing electrical isolation for the Drive from those grounds. Damaging currents may be avoided in instances where the D-C output is accidentally grounded or where the D-C motor circuits go to ground.

Reliance offers a series of isolation transformers suitable for use with the FlexPak Plus Drive. Refer to Table 2-2.

#### **Motor Overload Protection**

Reliance utilizes a D-C motor thermostat for motor thermal overload protection. The thermostat is brought out through the motor terminal box as leads P1 and P2. These two leads must be wired to the Controller terminals 32 and 132. The thermostat leads can be run with the motor armature and field power wiring.

If an additional inverse time overload is added, its normally closed contact should be wired in place of the motor thermostat and connected to the controller at terminals 32 and 132, or in series with the motor thermostat when both are used.

NOTE: The Drive will not start if the circuit between 32 and 132 is not made.

# Armature Loop Contactor Sequencing

### WARNING

THE FLEXPAK PLUS D-C **DRIVE MUST EMPLOY A CON-**TACTOR IN THE MOTOR AR-MATURE LOOP FOR POSI-TIVE DISCONNECT OF THE MOTOR FROM THE DRIVE IN A STOP CONDITION. AN IN-**ADVERTENT START CAUSED** BY NOISE OR DRIVE COMPO-NENT FAILURE MAY CAUSE UNEXPECTED MOTOR AND MACHINE MOVEMENT IF A CONTACTOR IS NOT USED. FAILURE TO OBSERVE THIS PRECAUTION COULD RE-SULT IN BODILY INJURY.

In all cases, the Drive must have an armature loop contactor to disconnect the motor from the Controller on a Stop.

When the Armature Loop Contactor is not supplied by Reliance, its "ON/OFF" sequence must be integrated into the sequence control of the regulator just as when the Contactor is supplied by Reliance. The "ON" sequence requires that the contactor is closed and approximately 8 milliseconds later the Drive CR Relay is energized to release the regulator, The "OFF" sequence requires that the Drive CR Relay first clamps the regulator (drop-out of the CR Relay is about 8 milliseconds) and then the contactor is allowed to drop-out.

The M Contactor Adapter Kit M/N 14C276 is to be used to connect the Contactor to the Regulator to incorporate this sequencing function.

Refer to Figure 3.4 for Regulator/Contactor Start/Stop timing.

The Contactor that is used must have a 25VDC coil and a maximum current draw of 150 milli-amps. A 220 MFD capacitor must be connected in parallel with the contactor coil for drop-out timing. (See Figure 3.4)

Refer to Figure 3.5 and Figure 3.6 for M Contactor connection when the Contactor is not supplied by Reliance.



Figure 3-3A. Motor Armature Circuit Connection.



Figure 3-4. Armature Contactor Sequencing and Regulator Start/Stop Timing.



Figure 3-5. Non-Reversing Drive Control Circuit.



NOTE: When Reversing is used, the J9 Jumper on the Regulator Board must be cut. Figure 3-6. Reversing Drive Control Circuit.

### Wire the D-C Motor to the Controller

- 1. Size the motor armature circuit conductors for the specific controller rating and according to applicable codes.
- 2. Run the D-C motor armature leads and the shunt field supply leads (if a permanent magnet field motor is not used). See Figure 3-3A for the Motor Armature Circuit Connection. Refer to "Wire the Field Supply" in this manual for field supply connections.

## Install the Field Supply

The Field Supply Kit provides full-wave field excitation for shunt-wound D-C motors. It may be optionally applied to controllers from 1/4 thru 1 1/2 HP. (It is a standard feature for 3 and 5 HP FlexPak Plus controllers.)

The Kit is an assembly consisting of a terminal block (F1, F2), a field

power cube, two wiring harnesses, bracket support and mounting hardware. The user provides the F1/F2 conductors to the drive motor. No other equipment is required.

To install the Kit, follow these procedures.

### Step 1 - Mount Field Kit

- a. Remove screws from 1TB.
- b. Remove screws from the support bracket.
- c. Remove screw leads 32 and 132 from 2TB.
- d. Remove the support bracket from the unit.
- e. Mount the Field Supply Kit onto the unit.
- f. Reinstall leads 32 and 132 onto 2TB.
- g. Mount 1TB to the Field Supply Kit.

## Wire the Field Supply

D-C field supply voltage and maximum field amperes are listed in Table 2-1.

# Step 1 – Wire Field Supply Power Cube

Wire from the field supply power cube to terminals 51 and 52 on 1TB as shown in Figure 3-7.



Figure 3-7. Connecting Field Supply.

#### Step 2 – Route Wires and F1/F2 Connection

The user-supplied field wiring conductors should be drawn into the chassis. Route them as indicated in Figure 3-3. Move them to the upper screws on 2TB and connect F1/F2 according to the label or Figure 3-7.

# Wire the Speed Reference Circuit

When only a Manual Operator's Speed Pot Reference function is utilized, the circuit shown in Figure 3-8 should be followed. In this configuration (see Figure 3-8), the J4 jumper on the Regulator Board is NOT to be cut, the reference input is through terminal 426 to the LVTU. The J4 Jumper is only removed when the reference is brought in to terminal 126. Lead 126 is not to be taken outside of the cabinet as it is not buffered.

Reliance offers four Reference Kits for Automatic Process Following. These kits are:

- 1. Voltage/Tachometer Follower Kit, M/N 14C223.
- 2. Instrument Interface/Preset Speed Kit, M/N 14C222.

- 3. Dancer Follower Kit, M/N 14C230.
- 4 Dancer Position kit, M/N 14C233.

These Kits can be used as Automatic Reference Followers with or without a Manual optional function. If used without a Manual option function, as described above, the reference circuit for these kits is set-up as shown in Figure 3-9. If the Automatic Reference Kits are to be used with a Manual optional function as described above, the reference circuit for these kits is set-up as shown in Figure 3-10.



Figure 3-8. Reference Circuit for Manual Operator's Speed Reference Circuit.



Figure 3-9. Reference Circuit for Follower Reference Kit without the use of the Manual Operator's Reference Option.

In this configuration (see Figure 3-9), the J1 jumper on the Reference Kit Board is to be cut and a jumper added between terminals 326 and 426 of the Buffer Board. This inserts the reference signal through the reference buffer circuit to pin 26 of the Regulator Board. The J4 jumper on the Regulator Board is not to be removed in this configuration (see Figure 3-9).





In this configuration (see Figure 3-10), the J1 jumper on the Reference Kit must be cut but the J4 jumper on the Regulator Board is not to be cut.

# 4: Start-up and Adjustment

# General

This section details the start-up and adjustment for the basic FlexPak Plus Drive as an armature voltage

regulator and/or as a speed regulator. Reference Figure 4-1 for location of adjustments, test points and the relative positioning of optional kits on the regulator module. Record final settings of potentiometers and jumpers in Table 4-3.



Figure 4-1. Regulator Module Screen.

#### DANGER

ONLY QUALIFIED ELECTRI-CAL PERSONNEL FAMILIAR WITH THE CONSTRUCTION AND OPERATION OF THIS EQUIPMENT AND THE HAZ-ARDS INVOLVED SHOULD INSTALL, ADJUST AND/OR SERVICE THIS EQUIPMENT. READ AND UNDERSTAND THIS MANUAL IN ITS ENTIRE-TY BEFORE PROCEEDING. FAILURE TO OBSERVE THIS PRECAUTION COULD RE-SULT IN SEVERE BODILY INJURY OR LOSS OF LIFE.

### DANGER

THIS EQUIPMENT IS AT LINE VOLTAGE WHEN A-C POWER IS CONNECTED. DISCON-NECT AND LOCKOUT ALL UNGROUNDED CONDUC-TORS OF THE A-C POWER LINE. FAILURE TO OBSERVE THESE PRECAUTIONS COULD RESULT IN SEVERE BODILY INJURY OR LOSS OF LIFE.

# Power Off Inspection

Inspect the Controller and modification kits for possible physical damage or improper connections. Electrical connections between the modification kits and the Regulator are made via box connectors over board pins. Before inserting the kits, verify that the mating pins are straight and parallel. Only one pin will fit in each box connector. All kits are to be securely fastened to the regulator board by the screws provided.

Verify the wiring of the operator's station and wiring to the Drive. All wire connections should be made with sufficient bare wire to make a good electrical connection. The

removal of an excessive length of insulation may needlessly expose conductors with the possibility of shorts or safety hazards resulting.

# **Motor Ground Check**

The D-C Motor frame and conduit box should be connected to a good earth ground per the motor instruction manual.

Verify that there is no path to ground in either the D-C Motor armature circuit, the shunt field circuit or the thermostat circuit. Connect one lead of an ohmmeter to the motor frame and the other lead to the two armature leads, the two field leads and to the two thermostat leads. If a reading of less than 100,000 ohms is observed, a ground condition exists and MUST be cleared before power is applied.

**CAUTION:** A meggar may be used for this motor ground check, but all conductors between the motor and the controller must be disconnected. Failure to observe this precaution could result in damage to, or destruction of, the equipment.

# **50 Hertz Operation**

When the Drive is used in 50 hertz applications, it is necessary to clip two resistors on the Regulator Board. These resistors are located at grid AF4 to AF10 and AA63 to AA69.

## 230 Volt A-C Applications

For 230 VAC applications, the FlexPak Plus Regulator must be modified by clipping jumpers J6 and J5. See Figure 4-1. This modification has probably been made at the factory upon Model Number specification, however, this should be verified. Clip both sides of the jumpers to ensure a clean circuit break.

## Horsepower – Current Scaling

Since a FlexPak Plus Drive covers a wide range of horsepower ratings (see Table 4-1), it is necessary to scale the Drive for the application motor. The Current Scaling Jumper on the Regulator Board must be set for the specific motor full load current rating. Locate the nameplate on the drive motor and then note the full-load current. If current is not shown on the nameplate, refer to Table 4-1. Relate the left or center columns in Table 4-1 with known motor data. Read across to the right column marked "Motor Current". This value indicates the proper jumper connection to make on the Regulator Board where a corresponding number is etched on the Printed Circuit Board.

#### Table 4-1. Current Feedback Scaling

Moto	or HP	
115 VAC	230 VAC	Motor Current/PIN Connections
1/4	1/2	2.5A
1/3	3/4	3.7A
1/2	1	5.0A
3/4	1 1/2	7.5A
-	2	10.0A
-	3	15.0A
-	5	20.0A

Refer to Figure 4-2 to select the appropriate current scaling connection.



Figure 4-2. Drive Current Scaling Setup.

# Regulation Mode Selection

The FlexPak Plus Drive has three modes of regulation; A = SpeedRegulation by Armature Voltage, T = Speed Regulation by Tachometer or C = Counter EMF Feedback.

This initial Set-up Procedure will be conducted in the Armature Voltage Mode with the selection jumper set on pin A on the Regulator Board even though a tachometer may be used in the final system configuration. Refer to Figure 4-2 and set the Regulation Mode jumper to the A position.

# Power On

Once all the preliminary checks have been completed, apply A-C Power to the Drive. Carefully observe all cautions and warnings.

## DANGER

THE FOLLOWING CHECKS AND PROCEDURES REQUIRE THE POWER TO BE ON. EXERCISE EXTREME CARE AS HAZARDOUS VOLTAGE EXISTS. FAILURE TO OB-SERVE THIS PRECAUTION COULD RESULT IN SEVERE BODILY INJURY OR LOSS OF LIFE.

### WARNING

FOR DRIVES WITH A FIELD SUPPLY KIT, IF THE CIRCUIT **BREAKER HAS TRIPPED OR** THE POWER FUSES HAVE **BLOWN, THE FIELD SUPPLY KIT AND ITS WIRING MUST BE** INSPECTED FOR DAMAGE. **AFTER RE-APPLYING POWER** TO THE DRIVE, THE FIELD VOLTAGE MUST BE CHECKED FOR PROPER **VOLTAGE AT MOTOR TERMI-**NALS F1 AND F2. IF THIS **VOLTAGE IS BELOW 90% OF** THE SPECIFICATION VOLT-AGE, THE DRIVE MUST NOT **BE STARTED UNTIL PROPER VOLTAGE IS OBTAINED, FAIL-**URE TO OBSERVE THIS PRE-CAUTION COULD RESULT IN **BODILY INJURY.** 

Verify that the F1 – F2 Field Supply Voltage is the same as the motor nameplate voltage if the Field Supply Kit is used.

Check and verify control power voltages before proceeding. See Table 4-2 for nominal values.

Table	4-2.	Control	Power	Voltages.
-------	------	---------	-------	-----------

Function	Terminal(s) /Pin(s)	Nominal Values (VDC)
Unregulated +20 VDC	256	+20 VDC <u>+</u> 5%
Unregulated -20 VDC	271	-20 VDC <u>+</u> 5%
Regulated +11.2 VDC	56	+11.2 VDC <u>+</u> 5%
Regulated -11.2 VDC	71	-11.2 VDC <u>+</u> 5%

## **Drive Set-Up Procedure**

### Basic Regulator Maximum Safe Operating Adjustments

The following adjustments are available on the Basic Regulator (see Figure 4-3):

**CAUTION:** The following adjustments are maximum safe operating ranges. Potentiometers on the regulator, particularly current limit, may exceed these ranges. Failure to observe this precaution could result in damage to, or destruction of, equipment.





Figure 4-3. Regulator Function Potentiometers

## Verify the Correct Direction of Motor Rotation

Connect the regulator mode jumper to the "A" position. (This initially sets up the drive as a voltage regulator for purposes of start up. Later on you may need to move the jumper to the "T" position if your drive is to be speed regulated.) Set the "IR COMP" rheostat to zero (fully CCW).

Assuming that the drive is using an operator's station similar to the one shown in figure 3-3:

Set the operators speed pot to "zero".

If a torque pot is used, set it fully CW.

If an "auto/manual" switch is used, set it to "manual".

If a "run/jog" switch is used, set it to "run".

If a "fwd/rev" switch is used, set it to "fwd".

Now initiate a "start". If no motor rotation is observed, slowly advance the operator's speed pot until rotation occurs. Verify that the motor is rotating in the proper direction for "forward".

If the direction of rotation is wrong, stop the drive. To change the direction of rotation, remove all power, and then switch the "A1" and "A2" connections to the motor armature.

## Determination of Tachometer Output Polarity

If your system does not employ a tachometer, this step should be ignored.

If your system does employ a tachometer feedback for speed regulation, the tachometer feedback kit (Model # 14C221) will need to be installed. Refer to instruction manual D-3969 for further information on the setup for the tachometer feedback kit.

If you are going to use a D-C tachometer, and have the feedback kit installed, it will be necessary to verify that you have the correct polarity of tachometer output. To check the polarity of the tachometer leads, start the motor and run it in a forward direction. Then while the tachometer is rotating, use a voltmeter to determine the forward polarity. Mark the leads accordingly, (+) and (-).

## Adjusting Minimum Speed

Set the operator's speed pot at zero and initiate a drive start. Measure the motor or machine speed with a hand tachometer to determine when the desired minimum speed is reached. Adjust the minimum speed pot to attain the desired minimum speed of the machine. Using a small screwdriver, turn the rheostat CW to increase the minimum speed, or CCW to decrease the minimum speed.

If no tachometer is available, motor speed can be approximated by measuring the armature voltage. Speed is proportional to voltage if the IR drop is disregarded. Therefore, if we adjust the minimum speed rheostat for the right percentage of armature voltage (as the minimum speed is a percentage of designed maximum speed) the machine speed will be fairly close to the desired value.

### DANGER

ALTHOUGH THE MINIMUM SPEED ADJUSTMENT ON THIS DRIVE MAY ALLOW FOR AD-JUSTMENT TO ZERO SPEED. THIS ZERO SPEED SETTING MUST NOT BE USED WHERE THE OPERATOR MAY RELY ON A MAINTAINED ZERO AS AN OFF OR STOP CONDITION. FAILURE TO OBSERVE THIS PRECAUTION COULD RESULT IN SEVERE BODILY INJURY OR LOSS OF LIFE.

## Set Zero Speed

## DANGER

EQUIPMENT IS AT LINE VOLT-AGE WHEN POWER IS CON-NECTED. LOCKOUT ALL UN-GROUNDED CONDUCTORS OF THE A-C POWER LINE WHEN ALTERING THE MINI-MUM SPEED CIRCUIT FOR ZERO SPEED APPLICATIONS. FAILURE TO OBSERVE THIS PRECAUTION COULD RE-SULT IN SEVERE BODILY INJURY OR LOSS OF LIFE.

#### WARNING

THE DRIVE IS INTENDED TO OPERATE AT A PREDETER-MINED MINIMUM SPEED UN-LESS DISCONNECTED FROM THE POWER SOURCE. IF THE APPLICATION REQUIRES ZERO SPEED WITHOUT SUCH DISCONNECTION, THE USER IS RESPONSIBLE FOR ASSURING SAFE CONDI-**TIONS FOR OPERATING PER-**SONNEL BY PROVIDING SUITABLE GUARDS, AUDIBLE OR VISUAL ALARMS, OR OTHER DEVICES. FAILURE TO OBSERVE THIS PRECAU-TION COULD RESULT IN BODILY INJURY.

See Figure 4-4 and Figure 4-5 for zero speed circuit configurations.

Controllers with P/N 57100 regulators that do not have a J10 jumper can achieve zero minimum speed by turning the minimum speed rheostat fully counter-clockwise. Controllers that have a J10 jumper can achieve zero minimum speed by moving the J10 jumper between K71 and K72, and turning the MIN SPD rheostat fully counter-clockwise. (See Figure 4-5.)



Figure 4-4. Controller with J10 Jumper in Zero Speed Circuit

NOTE: A 3 to 4 megohm resistor between terminals 319 and 71 can be used if some indication of speed is still detected after zero speed is commanded. (See Figure 4-4).



Figure 4-5. Zero Minimum Speed Correction

# Adjusting Maximum Speed

- Initially set the MAX. SPD. potentiometer on the Regulator Board fully counter-clockwise. This should prevent the motor from overspeeding with the Operator's Speed Potentiometer set at 100%.
- Gradually increase the Operator's Speed Potentiometer to 100%. Observe that the motor and drive machine do not exceed their maximum safe speed.
- Using a suitable screwdriver, adjust the MAX. SPD. potentiometer clockwise until 100% motor speed is obtained.

#### WARNING

WHEN PERFORMING THIS ADJUSTMENT, USE EXTREME CARE TO KEEP THE DRIVE MOTOR FROM EXCEEDING **ITS RATED MAXIMUM SPEED** AS LISTED ON THE NAME-PLATE, CARE SHOULD ALSO **BE GIVEN TO THE MAXIMUM** SAFE SPEED OF THE DRIVEN EQUIPMENT SO AT NO TIME IS IT DRIVEN BEYOND ITS MAXIMUM ALLOWED SAFE SPEED AS DETERMINED BY THE EQUIPMENT MANUFAC-TURER, FAILURE TO OB-SERVE THIS PRECAUTION COULD RESULT IN BODILY INJURY.

NOTE: Since the minimum and maximum speed setting potentiometers are interactive, it will be necessary to readjust MIN. SPD. Both should be checked several times to ensure that the desired range of speed is set properly.

# **Drive Acceleration Time**

The reference acceleration circuit ramps the speed reference input. It is adjustable by the ACC. potentiometer over a 0.5 to 30.0 second range.

With the Drive in the "Stop" mode, set the Operator's Speed Potentiometer to 100%. Start the Drive and adjust the ACC. potentiometer to the desired acceleration time to maximum speed for the machine and process.

NOTE: At very short acceleration times, the Drive cannot accelerate any faster than the available acceleration torque will allow. The minimum acceleration time that can be achieved is with the Drive in current limit. When accelerating large inertial loads, the torque required to accelerate the machine may be significantly greater than the running torque load.

## **Drive Deceleration Time**

The reference deceleration circuit ramps the speed reference input. Ramp rate is adjustable by the DEC. potentiometer over a 0.5 to 30.0 second range.

With the Drive in the "Start" mode and running at 100% speed, quickly turn the Operator's Speed Pot to zero. Adjust the DEC. potentiometer to the desired deceleration time from maximum speed to zero speed for the machine and process.

NOTE: The deceleration time cannot be any less than the coast down time of the machine. This drive does not absorb energy from the rotating machine, the only means of energy absorption is the frictional drag of the machine and process. For a linear deceleration, the set deceleration time must be set longer than the coast down time.

## **Current Limit**

The Current (Torque) Limit (I LIMIT potentiometer) level of this drive is factory set at 150% of rated armature current. This value can be set to a lower value by adjustment of the I LIMIT potentiometer on the Regulator Board. Some applications require a lower torque limiting value so as not to damage the process material or the drive train.

NOTE: When the current limit value is reduced, the available torque for acceleration is reduced.

## **IR Drop Compensation**

If tachometer feedback is to be used, set the IR COMP potentiometer to zero (fully CCW).

When the Drive is operated as an armature voltage regulator, as the process load is increased, there will be an inherent speed droop caused by the internal voltage drop in the motor which is proportional to current. This droop can be reduced by increasing the IR COMP potentiometer on the Regulator Board.

The IR COMP potentiometer has been factory set at zero, it has a range of up to 12% compensation. If you notice excessive speed droop as the machine loads down, increase the IR COMP potentiometer to correct for this. Do not set this compensation excessively high as over compensation can cause a motor speed rising characteristic which leads to instability in the motor performance. Some motors may have a speed droop at low speeds, but due to armature reactance, do not have a droop at top speed. In this case, IR COMP adjust must be checked for proper operation over the system speed range.

		The first if it is in the second account if it is in the second	-
Potentiometers	Jumpers	Initial Setting (Factory)	Final Setting (User)
MAX. SPD.		Fully CCW (Dot 1)	
MIN. SPD		Fully CCW (Dot 1)	
ACC.		Fully CCW (Dot 1)	
DEC.		Fully CCW (Dot 1)	
I LIMIT		150% (Dot 7)	
IR COMP		Fully CCW (Dot $1 = 0\%$ )	
	Feedback <sup>1</sup>	A	
	Current Scaling	2.5	
	J4 <sup>2</sup>	Installed	
	J5, J6 <sup>3</sup>	Installed	
	J7, J8 <sup>4</sup>	Installed	
	.195	Installed	

#### Table 4-3. Initial/Final Adjustment Settings

A-COM is the standard connection for Armature Feedback; Factory Setting.
 C-COM is the connection for CEMF if CEMF transformer is installed; CEMF function was replaced by Armature feedback in Design "H".
 T-COM is the connection for Tachometer Feedback if Tach Feedback Kit is installed.

2> Remove if Local Auto/Man Switch is installed.

3> Remove on 230 Volt units.

4> Remove for Torque Taper.5> Remove when Reverse Relay (Contactor) Kit is installed.

# 5: Troubleshooting

## General

### DANGER

ONLY QUALIFIED ELECTRI-CAL PERSONNEL FAMILIAR WITH THE CONSTRUCTION AN OPERATION OF THIS AND THE HAZARDS INVOLVED SHOULD INSTALL, ADJUST, AND/OR SERVICE THIS EQUIPMENT. READ AND UN-DERSTAND THIS MANUAL IN ITS ENTIRETY BEFORE PRO-CEEDING. FAILURE TO **OBSERVE THIS PRECAUTION** COULD RESULT IN SEVERE BODILY INJURY OR LOSS OF LIFE.

This Section details troubleshooting information for the FlexPak Plus Single Phase D-C Drive, Figures 5-1 and 5-2 show the controller schematic and technical data.

### DANGER

SERVICING IS DONE WITH POWER ON. EXERCISE EX-TREME CARE AS HAZARD-OUS VOLTAGE EXISTS. FAIL-URE TO OBSERVE THIS PRECAUTION COULD RE-SULT IN SEVERE BODILY INJURY OR LOSS OF LIFE.

# Wiring Errors

Wiring errors, loose or grounded wiring are common problems encountered inhibiting operation of a drive. Verify installation wiring has been correctly executed and that the controller is free of loose terminations and grounded conductors.

# A-C Line and Power Input

Verify that the applied A-C power is correct for the specific drive, i.e. either 115 or 230 volts. If the drive is being applied on 50HZ power, ensure that the "Wire A-C Power to the Controller" set-up procedure of section 4 in this instruction manual has been properly followed. If an isolation transformer has been installed on the incoming A-C power, verify it's output voltage and that it has been properly connected.

Verify that the A-C line fuses have been correctly sized per Table 2-3. The A-C and D-C power conductors should have been sized per the National Electric Code.

# D-C Motor

CAUTION: a meggar may be used for this motor ground check, but all conductors between the motor and the drive must be disconnected. The meggar's high voltage can cause serious damage to the drives electronic circuits. Failure to observe this precaution could result in damage to, or destruction of, the equipment.

Recheck all motor connections for firmness and correct identification. Verify that there is no path to ground in either the D-C motor armature circuit, the shunt field circuit or the thermostat circuit. Connect one lead of a standard ohm meter to the motor frame and the other lead to the two armature leads, the two thermostat leads and to the two field leads. If a reading of less than 100,000 ohms is observed, a ground condition exists and **MUST** be corrected before power is applied. Check that the field winding is not open or shorted.

Verify the continuity of the motor thermostat and its proper connection to controller terminals 32 and 132. If a motor overload has been installed, verify that it's circuit maintains continuity in the 32 to 132 circuit.

# **Remote M Contactor**

When the M Contactor has been supplied by others, verify that the connection of those circuits is according Figure 3-5 or Figure 3-6. The harnesses must be correctly wired to the regulator pin connectors.

# **Optional Kits**

Verify that each of the added optional kits have been installed correctly according to the appropriate instructions. Reference Figure 5-3 for schematics of modification kits.

## Troubleshooting Flowcharts

These troubleshooting flowcharts are provided to assist in the analysis of drive operational problems. Flowcharts are not all inclusive, this information is intended to focus attention on common causes of drive problems and to bring attention to possible causes and checking techniques. See Figures 5-4 through 5-9 for available troubleshooting flowcharts.



![](_page_32_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_33_Figure_0.jpeg)

![](_page_34_Figure_0.jpeg)

![](_page_34_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_35_Figure_0.jpeg)

![](_page_36_Figure_0.jpeg)

Figure 5-4. Circuit Breaker or Line Fuses Open When Power is Applied.

![](_page_37_Figure_0.jpeg)

Figure 5-5. Fuse Blows After Start.

![](_page_38_Figure_0.jpeg)

Figure 5-6. Drive Doesn't Start.

![](_page_39_Figure_0.jpeg)

Figure 5-6. Motor Doesn't Start. (Continued)

![](_page_40_Figure_0.jpeg)

Figure 5-7. "M" Contactor Picks-Up But Only Remains in as Long as the Start Button is Pushed.

![](_page_41_Figure_0.jpeg)

Figure 5-8. "M" Contactor Picks-Up But Motor Does Not Run.

![](_page_42_Figure_0.jpeg)

Figure 5-8. "M" Contactor Picks-Up But Motor Does Not Run. (Continued)

![](_page_43_Figure_0.jpeg)

Figure 5-8. "M" Contactor Picks-Up But Motor Does Not Run. (Continued)

![](_page_44_Figure_0.jpeg)

Figure 5-8. "M" Contactor Picks-Up But Motor Does Not Run. (Continued)

![](_page_45_Figure_0.jpeg)

Figure 5-9. Motor Runs Away.

# **6: Replacement Parts**

The spare or replacement parts for the FlexPak Plus D-C Drive covered in this manual are listed in Table 6-1. This list consists of the more common parts along with part numbers and quantities actually used in the controller.

Part Description	Quantity Per Controller	Part Number
Regulator Module	1	0-57100
Current Transformer (1CT) 3/4 and 1 1/2 HP 2 and 3 HP 5 HP	1 1 1	64670-17R 64670-17R 64670-17T
Power Cube 1/4 to 3/4 HP 115 VAC 1/2 to 1 1/2 HP 230 VAC 2 and 3 HP 230 VAC 5 HP 230 VAC	1 1 1 2	701819-303AC 701819-303AC 701819-303AC 701819-303AC 701819-19AC
M Contactor (Optional)	1	69326-30R
Fuse (K5 Dual Element) 1/4 to 3/4 HP 115 VAC 1/2 to 1 1/2 HP 230 VAC 2 and 3 HP 230 VAC 5 HP 230 VAC	1 2 2 2	64676-1W 64676-1W 64676-1Z 64676-1AD
MOV Surge Suppressor 115-volt drives 230-volt drives	1	411026-4X 411026-4AC
Output R-C Assembly	1	0-55302
Dynamic Breaking 1/4 to 1 1/2 HP 115 VAC 2 to 3 HP 230 VAC 3/4 HP 115 VAC 1/2 to 1 1/2 and 5 HP 230 VAC	1 1 1 1	705385-61R 705385-61R 705385-61S 705385-61T
Field Supply	1	701819-12AD

These parts are available from your local Reliance Electric Distributor or direct from Reliance.

Reliance Electric Co. Cleveland Service Center 4950 East 49th Street Cleveland, Ohio 44125 Order Entry Phone: 216-266-7247

# **A: Quick Reference Guide**

#### DANGER

ONLY QUALIFIED ELEC-TRICAL PERSONNEL FA-MILIAR WITH THE CONSTRUCTION AND OP-ERATION OF THIS EQUIP-MENT AND THE HAZARDS INVOLVED SHOULD ADJUST. **OPERATE AND/OR SERVICE** THIS EQUIPMENT. READ AND UNDERSTAND THE BASE INSTRUCTION MANUAL IN **ITS ENTIRETY BEFORE PRO-**CEEDING. FAILURE TO OB-SERVE THIS PRECAUTION COULD RESULT IN SEVERE **BODILY INJURY OR LOSS OF** LIFE.

#### DANGER

THE USER IS RESPONSIBLE FOR CONFORMING TO THE NATIONAL ELECTRICAL CODE AND ALL OTHER AP-PLICABLE LOCAL CODES. WIRING PRACTICES. **GROUNDING**, **DISCON-**NECTS, AND OVERCURRENT **PROTECTION ARE OF PAR-**TICULAR **IMPORTANCE.** FAILURE TO OBSERVE THIS PRECAUTION COULD RE-SULT IN SEVERE BODILY **INJURY OR LOSS OF LIFE.** 

### DANGER

THIS EQUIPMENT IS AT LINE VOLTAGE WHEN A-C POWER IS CONNECTED. DISCONNECT AND LOCKOUT ALL UN-GROUNDED CONDUCTORS OF THE A-C POWER LINE. FAILURE TO OBSERVE THESE PRECAUTIONS COULD RE-SULT IN SEVERE BODILY INJU-RY OR LOSS OF LIFE.

This quick reference guide is intended to assist highly experienced users to quickly identify, install, start-up, adjust, or operate the controller.

It is the responsibility of the user to observe and adhere to all precautions: DANGER, WARNING, and CAUTION.

	WMS
FLEXPAK PLUS M/N 14C104U	
SER NO U0001-XS	
KVA 5 HP@0.8Pf I/M D3900-5	
AC INPUT 230 VOLTS 35 MAX AMPS 50/60 HZ	1 PH
AC OUT 180 VOLTS 25 MAX AMPS	
SHORT CIRCUIT SYM RMS RATING 5000 AMPS	
ENCLOSURE CHASSIS W/D30	002
RELIANCE ELECTRIC COMPANY, CLEVELAND, OHIO 44117 USA 41:	7197-47

Figure A-1. Typical FlexPak Plus Nameplate.

Model	Number						Opti	onal		Trai K\	nsf. /A
Basic	Complete	HP	VAC	A-C Amps (RMS)	D-C Arm. (Volts)	D-C Arm. Amps Avg.	D-C Field Volts	Amp. MAX	Power Supply Capacity <sup>(2)</sup>	МАХ	MIN
14C50	14C101	1/4	115	3.5	90	2.5	100	3.0	5000	40.0	0.50
		1/3	115	5.2	90	3.7	100	3.0	5000	40.0	0.75
		1/2	115	7.0	90	5.0	100	3.0	5000	40.0	1.50
		3/4	115	10.5	90	7.5	100	3.0	5000	40.0	1.50
14C51	14C102	1/2	230	3.5	180	2.5	200	3.0	5000	40.0	1.50
		3/4	230	5.2	180	3.7	200	3.0	5000	40.0	1.50
		1	230	7.0	180	5.0	200	3.0	5000	40.0	2.00
		1 1/2	230	10.5	180	7.5	200	3.0	5000	40.0	3.00
14C52	14C103	2	230	14.0	180	10.0	200	3.0 <sup>1</sup>	5000	40.0	5.00
		3	230	21.0	180	15.0	200	3.0 <sup>1</sup>	5000	40.0	10.0
14C53	14C104	5	230	35.0	180	25.0	200	3.01	5000	40.0	10.0

**Table A-1. Controller Model Numbers** 

<sup>1</sup>Standard

<sup>2</sup>Maximum permissible available symmetrical RMS fault current with NEC or CEC external approved disconnect.

Table A-2.	Isolation	Transformer	Specifications.
1000101121	rooracion		opoornounorner

НР	kVA	Primary Vac	Secondary Vac	Reliance Part Number
1/4	0.5	230/460	115	77530-16A
	0.5	575	115	77530-17A
1/3	0.75	230/460	115	77530-16B
	0.75	575	115	77530-17B
1/2-3/4	1.5	115	115	77530-15D
		230/460	115	77530-16D
		575	115	77530-17D
		230/460	230	77530-16D
		575	230	77530-17D
1	2.0	230/460	230	77530-16E
		575	230	77530-17E
1-1 1/2	3.0	230/460	230	77530-16F
		575	230	77530-17F
2	5.0	230/460	230	77530-16G
		575	230	77530-17G
3-5	10.0	230/460	230	77530-16H
		575	230	77530-17H

NOTE: Smaller drives through 3/4 HP @ 115 VAC and 2.0 HP @ 230 VAC may be used with permanent magnetic field motors, and those drive models are supplied without a D-C field supply.

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		Dual Elem K5, RK5, 25	ent Class 50VAC Fuse	
HP	A-C Line Volts	Quantity	AMP	Reliance Part Number
1/4-3/4	115	1 <sup>1</sup>	15	64676-1W
1/2-1 1/2	230	2	15	64676-1W
2-3	230	2	30	64676-1Z
5	230	2	50	64676-1AD

Table A-3. Fuse Requirements.

<sup>1</sup>Install fuse in input line L1 (hot line).

Table A-4. Controller Woollication Kit	Table	A-4.	Controller	Modification	Kits.
--	-------	------	------------	--------------	-------

Kit Model Number	Kit Name	Functional Description	Instruction Manual
14C214	Dynamic Braking Resistor 1/4 to 1/2 HP @115 VAC 2.0 to 3.0 HP @230 VAC	Dynamic braking resistor for reduced stopping time.	-
14C215	3/4 HP @115 VAC	1	-
14C216	1/2 to 1 1/2 HP @230 VAC 5 HP @230 VAC	-	-
14C219 (B/M 54379-1)	Auxiliary "M" Contactor	Provides isolated Form C contact status of Drive "M" Contactor.	-
14C221	Tachometer Feedback	Interfaces between the tachometer and the regulator when speed regulations is desired.	D-3969
14C222	Instrument Interface/Preset Speed Reference	Allows drive to follow an instrument signal of 0-5, 1-5, 4-20 or 10-50 milliamp signal. Can also be used for drive preset speed reference.	D-3967
14C223	Voltage/Tachometer Follower	Enables drive to follow a reference source that is independently generated.	D-3971
14C224	Torque Taper	Allows adjustment of slope and break point of drive speed – torque curves – increases current limit with speed, i.e. center window.	-
14C225	Test Meter Adapter	Provides a safe and convenient means to measure and monitor drive regulator analog signals.	D-3970
14C226	Automatic Reversing	Enables automatic reversal of the armature loop con- tactors. (requires the drive to be equipped with a re- versing contactor.) In this mode, the motor's energy is returned to the A-C line [inverting]. This kit is intended for <u>very infrequent</u> automatic reversal. If the second quadrant mode [inverting] is frequently used, an invert- ing fault circuit breaker should be added.	_
14C230	Dancer Follower	Enables automatic control of the drive by a line speed signal, trimmed by a dancer roll potentiometer.	D-3966
14C232	Major Loop Tuning	Allows the User to change the proportional and integral gain of the major loop.	
14C233	Dancer Position Regulator	Provides a center seeking position regulator for dancer controlled applications.	D2-3207
14C237	Shunt Field Supply	Provides a full wave field excitation for shunt wound D-C motors. 3 amp capacity included on all drives 2 HP and higher.	-
14C276	"M" Contactor Adapter	Provides the interconnecting cable to connect the con- tactor into the regulator sequencing circuit when the Basic Controller is used.	-
14C293	Contactor Reversing	Second armature contactor and connecting control cable to convert unidirectional drive into reversing drive.	D2-3293

Kit Model Number	Kit Name	Functional Description	Instruction Manual
9C200	Operator's Station	Standard NEMA 4 control station; Start Pushbutton Stop Pushbutton Run/Jog Switch Speed Setting Pot	-
9C300	Operator's Station	Standard NEMA 4 control station; Start Pushbutton Stop Pushbutton Run/Jog Switch Forward/Reverse Switch Speed Setting Pot	-
9C42	Speed Potentiometer	2 watt, 5K ohm potentiometer with knob for separate mounting.	-
9C43	Speed Rheostat	4 inch, 5K ohm rheostat with large knob for separate mounting.	-
9C47	Remote Tork Limit Potentiometer	Remote control of tork limit 10K ohm potentiometer for separate mounting.	-
9C50	Speed Rheostat with LV1	4 inch, 5K ohm rheostat with large knob for separate mounting, low voltage interlock.	-
9C55	Automatic – Manual Selector Switch	Selects Auto/Manual mode of reference source for separate mounting.	-

Table A-4. Controller Modification Kits. (Continued)

![](_page_50_Figure_2.jpeg)

Figure A.2 – Enclosure Mounting Minimum Distances

![](_page_51_Figure_0.jpeg)

Figure A-3. Controller Mounting Dimensions.

![](_page_52_Figure_0.jpeg)

Figure A-4. Drive Connection Diagram.

![](_page_53_Figure_0.jpeg)

Figure A-5. Motor Armature Circuit Connection.

![](_page_54_Figure_0.jpeg)

Figure A-6. Armature Contactor Sequencing and Regulator Start/Stop Timing.

![](_page_54_Figure_2.jpeg)

Figure A-7. Non-Reversing Drive Control Circuit.

![](_page_55_Figure_0.jpeg)

NOTE: When Reversing is used, the J9 Jumper on the Regulator Board must be cut. Figure A-8. Reversing Drive Control Circuit.

![](_page_55_Figure_2.jpeg)

Figure A-9. Connecting Field Supply.

![](_page_56_Figure_0.jpeg)

Figure A-10. Reference Circuit for Manual Operator's Speed Reference Circuit.

![](_page_56_Figure_2.jpeg)

Figure A-11. Reference Circuit for Follower Reference Kit without the use of the Manual Operator's Reference Option.

![](_page_57_Figure_0.jpeg)

Figure A-12. Reference Circuit for Follower Reference Kit with the use of the Manual Operator's Reference Option and an Auto/Manual Switch.

![](_page_58_Figure_0.jpeg)

Figure A-13. Regulator Module Screen.

Moto	r HP	
115 VAC	230 VAC	Motor Current/PIN Connections
1/4	1/2	2.5A
1/3	3/4	3.7A
1/2	1	5.0A
3/4	1 1/2	7.5A
-	2	10.0A
-	3	15.0A
-	5	20.0A

#### **Table A-5. Current Feedback Scaling**

Table A-6. Control Power Voltages.

Function	Terminal(s) /Pin(s)	Nominal Values (VDC)
Unregulated +20 VDC	256	+20 VDC <u>+</u> 5%
Unregulated -20 VDC	271	-20 VDC <u>+</u> 5%
Regulated +11.2 VDC	56	+11.2 VDC <u>+</u> 5%
Regulated -11.2 VDC	71	-11.2 VDC <u>+</u> 5%

![](_page_59_Figure_2.jpeg)

Figure A-14. Drive Current Scaling Setup.

![](_page_60_Figure_0.jpeg)

Figure A-15. Regulator Function Potentiometers

![](_page_60_Figure_2.jpeg)

Figure A-16. Controller with J10 Jumper in Zero Speed Circuit

![](_page_61_Figure_0.jpeg)

Figure A-17. Zero Minimum Speed Correction

Potentiometers	Jumpers	Initial Setting (Factory)	Final Setting (User)
MAX. SPD.		Fully CCW (Dot 1)	
MIN. SPD		Fully CCW (Dot 1)	
ACC.		Fully CCW (Dot 1)	
DEC.		Fully CCW (Dot 1)	
I LIMIT		150% (Dot 7)	
IR COMP		Fully CCW (Dot 1 = 0%)	
	Feedback <sup>1</sup>	А	
	Current Scaling	2.5	
	J42	Installed	
	J5, J6 <sup>3</sup>	Installed	
	J7, J8 <sup>4</sup>	Installed	
	J9 <sup>5</sup>	Installed	

1> A-COM is the standard connection for Armature Feedback; Factory Setting. C-COM is the connection for CEMF if CEMF transformer is installed;CEMF function was replaced by Armature feedback in Design "H". T-COM is the connection for Tachometer Feedback if Tach Feedback Kit is installed.

2> Remove if Local Auto/Man Switch is installed.

3> Remove on 230 Volt units.

4> Remove for Torque Taper.

5> Remove when Reverse Relay (Contactor) Kit is installed.

![](_page_62_Figure_0.jpeg)

![](_page_62_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_63_Figure_0.jpeg)

# **B: GLOSSARY OF TERMS**

Altitude:	The atmospheric altitude (height above sea level) at which the motor or controller will be operating.
Armature:	The portion of the D-C motor which rotates.
Rated Full Load Current:	Armature current in amperes.
Armature Resistance:	Measured in ohms at 25 degrees Celsius (cold).
Base Speed:	The speed which a D-C motor develops at rated armature and field voltage with rated load applied.
Constant Speed:	Motor which changes speed only slightly from a no-load to a full-load condition.
Direct Current:	A current that flows only in one direction in an electrical circuit. It may be continuous or discontinuous and it may be constant or varying.
D-C Motor:	A motor using either generated or rectified D-C power. A D-C motor is usually used when variable speed operation is required.
Efficiency:	The ratio of mechanical output to electrical input. It represents the effectiveness with which the motor converts electrical energy to mechanical energy.
Electrical Time Constant:	The ratio of electrical inductance to armature resistance. Electrical time constant in seconds defined as electrical:
	T/C == La x la / Hot IR voltage drop
Field:	A term commonly used to describe the stationary (stator) member. The field provides the magnetic field with which the mechanically rotating (armature or rotor) member interacts.
Horse Power:	The measure of the rate of work. One horsepower is equivalent to lifting 33,000 pounds to a height of one foot in one minute. The horsepower of a motor is expressed as a function of torque and RPM. For motors, the following approximate formula may be used:
	HP = T x RPM / 5250;where HP = horsepower, T = Torque (in lb. ft.), and RPM = revolutions per minute.
Identification:	Frame designation (actual frame size in which the motor is built)
	<ul> <li>Horsepower, speed, design and enclosure</li> <li>Voltage, frequency and number of phases of power supply</li> <li>Class of insulation and time rating</li> <li>Application</li> </ul>
Inertial Load:	A load (flywheel, fan, etc.) which tends to cause the motor shaft to continue to rotate after the power has been removed (stored kinetic energy). If this continued rotation cannot be tolerated, some mechanical or electrical braking means must be applied. This application may require a special motor due to the energy required to accelerate the inertia. Inertia is measured in either lb. ft. or oz. in. squared.
	Inertia reflected to the shaft of the motor = (load RPM) $^2$ /Motor RPM
Motor:	A device that converts electrical energy to mechanical energy to turn a shaft.
Nameplate:	The plate on the outside of a motor which describes the motor, HP, voltage, RPM, efficiency, design, enclosure, etc
RPM:	Revolutions per Minute - The number of times per minute the shaft of the motor (machine) rotates.

Service Factor (SF):	When used on a motor nameplate, a number which indicates how much above the nameplate rating a motor can be loaded without causing serious degradation, (i.e. a 1.15 SF can produce 15% greater torque than a 1.0 SF rating of the same motor).
Tachometer:	A small generator normally used as a rotational speed sensing device. Tachometers are typically attached to the output shaft of a motor requiring close speed regulation. The tachometer feeds its signal to a control which adjusts its input to the motor accordingly (called "closed loop feedback" control).
Thermostat:	Units applies directly to the motor's windings which senses winding temperature and may automatically break the circuit in an overheating situation.
Torque:	Turning force delivered by a motor or gear motor shaft, usually expressed in pounds-feet:
	lbs.ft. = HP x 5250 / RPM = full load torque

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![](_page_67_Picture_1.jpeg)