2-In/2-Out 0-10 Volt Analog Rail Module

M/N 61 C350

Instruction Manual J-3672-3



The information in trial user's manual is subject to change without notice.

WARNING

ONLY QUALIFIED ELECTRICAL PERSONNEL WHO ARE FAMILIAR WITH THE CONSTRUCTION AND OPERATION OF THIS EQUIPMENT AND THE HAZARDS INVOLVED SHOULD INSTALL, ADJUST, OPERATE, AND/OR SERVICE THIS EQUIPMENT, READ AND UNDERSTAND THIS MANUAL IN ITS ENTIRETY BEFORE PROCEEDING. FAILURE TO OBSERVE THIS PRECAUTION COULD RESULT IN SEVERE BODILY INJURY.

WARNING

INSERTING OR REMOVING THIS PRODUCT OR ITS CONNECTING CABLES MAY RESULT IN UNEXPECTED MACHINE MOTION. POWER TO THE MACHINE SHOULD BE TURNED OFF BEFORE INSERTING OR REMOVING THE PRODUCT OR ITS CONNECTING CABLES. FAILURE TO OBSERVE THIS PRECAUTION COULD RESULT IN BODILY INJURY.

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

The products described in this instruction manual are manufactured by Reliance Electric Industrial Company.

The 2-in/2-Out 0-10 Vol. Analog Rail module allows you to connect two input and two output 0-10V analog aignals to AutoMata*. AutoMax* and DCS 5000 systems. Typically, the Analog Rail module is used with potentiometers, valve actuators, pressure or flow transducers, and meters in both or we control systems and process control systems.

The Analog Rail module is hardware-configurable by meshalotis, teceptate awach to emulate one of two types of devices, AutoMate Rails or AutoMate Local Hesds. In some hardware configurations, the type of interface device available for the Analog Rail module will determine the mode of operation that can be selected (see figure 1.1).

The Analog Ball module operates in Local Head mode when it is connected directly to one of the processor's four I/O ports in AutoMate systems, to an AutoMate Local I/O Processor, or to one of the four I/O ports of the DOS 5000/AutoMax Remote I/O Head in DOS 5000/AutoMax systems. The Analog Ball date will take up four registers in the host when operating in Local Head mode.

The module operates in Rail mode when it is connected to one I/O port of a Local I/O flead, which in turn is connected to one I/O port of an AutoMate processor. The Analog Rail module will occupy one register of the host in Rail mode. The Rail mode is used to expend the I/O accross space available through the from I/O port of the processor by multiplexing each group of lour analog points through one register. Note that the Analog Rail module cannot be used with the Local I/O Flead in DCS 50x0X4xcMax systems.

The Analog Rail module operates in Rail mode when it is connected to one I/O port of the Power Module interface (PMI) Processor (B/M 60000), which is in turn connected to a Universal Drive Controller (UDC) module (M/N 57552) which resides in an AutoMax rack.

In element denoting manual describes the functions and specifications of the module. It also includes a detailed everylew of installation and froubleshooting procedures, as well as examples or configuration and programming.

1.1 Additional Information

You must become familiar with the instruction manuals which describe your system configuration. This may include, but is not limited to, the following:

- J-3031 Auk/Msta 30 PROCESSOR HARDWARE INSTRUCTION MANUAL
- JG033 AubMsta LOCAL (IC PROCESSOR INSTRUCTION MANUAL)
- J-309/ AutoMate REMOTE I/O HEAD INSTRUCTION MANUAL.
- J-3063 Auk/Msta PROGRAMMING EXECUTIVE INSTRUCTION MANUAL

- J 3120 AutoMate 20 USER'S MANUAL.
- J-9141 AutoMate 40 CONTROL PROCESSOR INSTRUCTION MANUAL
- J-9160 ActoMate 30/40 SOFTWARE REFERENCE MANUAL.
- Jak49 DCS SXIDAJIMMX CONFIGURATION TASK INSTRUCTION MANUAL
- Jaisat AutoMax PROGRAMMING EXECUTIVE INSTRUCTION MANUAL
- Jaskii DCS 3000 ENHANCED BASIC LANGUAGE INSTRUCTION MANUAL
- JA8579 ALIOMOX ENHANCED BASIC LANGUAGE INSTRUCTION MANUAL
- JASEDI DOS SOCIO GONTROL BLOCK LANGUAGE INSTRUCTION MANUAL
- J-3876 AutoMsx CONTROL BLOCK LANGUAGE INSTRUCTION MANUAL
- J-3802 DCS 5000 GONTROL BLOCK LANGUAGE INSTRUCTION MANUAL
- J-3677 AUGMSK LADDER LOGIC LANGUAGE INSTRUCTION MANUAL
- J-3671 AutoMate LOCAL FO HEAD INSTRUCTION MANUAL
- J-3750 ReSource AutoMax PROCITAM MING EXECUTIVE IN STRUCTION MANUAL VERSION 3.0
- J2-3045 AUGMax PROGRAMMING EXECUTIVE VERSION 3.3.
- \$-3006 D-C DRIVE CONFIGURATION AND PROGRAMMING INSTRUCTION MANUAL.
- \$ 2008 POWER MODULE INTERFACE BACK INSTRUCTION MANUAL
- Your personal computer and DOS operating system manual(s).
- IEEE 518 GUIDE FOR THE INSTALLATION OF ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT TO MINIMIZE ELECTRICAL NOISE INPUTS TO CONTROLLERS

1.2 Related Hardware and Software

The 2-fc/2-Out 0-10V Analog Rail module, M/N 61Cabb, contains the following:

- Ode 2-In/2-Out 0-10V Analog Ball module.
- One PO Ball cacle: M/N 45U5.
- Two plug connectors: 12-point connector part no. 41945/-2Fl
 4-point connector part no. 419454-1H
- One .25A fuse (installed in the module); parting, 64676-23J.
- One .75A fuse (required for operation on 24 VDO); partino. 6/1675-25Q
- 6 Two caple retainer clips:

The Analog Rail include can be configured with the hardware (ourchased separately) I ated in Figure 1.1.

Host	Model	Operating Mode
DCS 5000/AutoMax Remote (/O Head	M/N 57C330	Local Head
AutoMate 20, 20E	M/N 45620, 45621, 456280, 456221, 456224, 456225	Local Food or Boll 5
AutoMate 30, 30E	M/N 45C321 ; 45C305, 45C307	Local Head or flail *
AutoMate 40, 40E	M/N 45C410, 45C411	Local Head or Rail *
AutoMate Local PO Processor	M:N 4502008 (and later versions)	Local Food
AutoMate Hemote FO Head	M/N 45037, 45038	Lonal Hash
Power Module Interface Processor	ByM 60000	Rall
Interface Processor * Direct connection to through an AutoMs. 61024 (Bail mode).	B/M 60000 The Processors (Local Helia Local (O Head, M/N 450 Note that it is also permiss mode ever if it is connector	ad mode) or connection 322 §1 322, 61 3224, c iblo to configure the Ar

Figure 1.1 - Analog Rail Module Harowere Configuration

20-30, or 40 Processor.

2.0 MECHANICAL/ELECTRICAL DESCRIPTION

The following sections describe the mechanical and electrical characteristics of the Analog Rail module.

2.1 Mechanical Description

The Analog Rail module is a self-contained electronic module containing two input channels multiplexed to an analog-to-digital converter and a dual digital-to-analog converter for two culput channels. The module is housed in a protective metal enclosure designed for panel mounting. See figure 2.1.

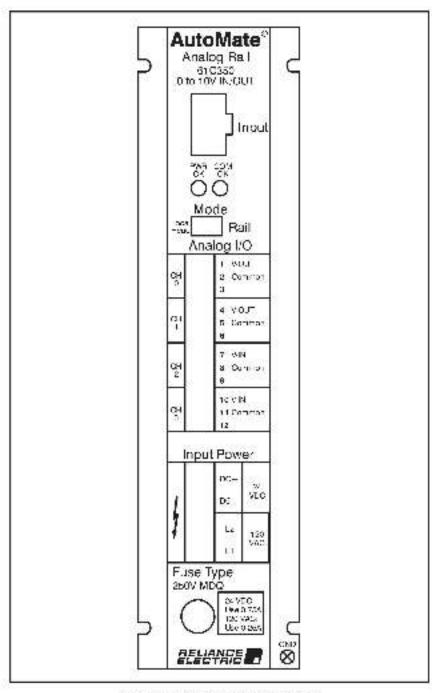


Figure 2.1 - Analog Bail Module Faceplate

The faceplate of the module contains three electrical connectors labeled "Input" "Analog (O", and "Input Power" (reading top to bottom). The top connector is used for connection to the I/O port A cable (M/N 4505) is provided for this purpose. The second connector labeled "Analog I/O", is a numbered, 12 point removable plug connector with screw-type terminal points. Three successive terminal points are reserved for each channel's connection to external hardware. The top 6 points are reserved for the two output channels (channel 0 and channel 1) and the bottom 6 are reserved for the two input channels (channel 2 and channel 3). The "Analog I/O" terminals are designed for 14.22 AWG wire.

The third connector on the faceplate, also a removable plug connector with acrew-type terminal points, is used for input power. The terminal points are labeled. The too two points are used if the power abunce is 24 VPC. The cottom two points are used if the power abunce is 120 VAC. The "input Power" lenninals are designed to use 14 AWC wire. A terminal stud for connecting a grounding conductor is provided on the bottom of the right-hand mounting flange.

The module faceplate also contains two LECs, a mode switch, and a true holder and true. The LED laceled "PWR CK" indicates that the ICD port, the external power source, and the internally-generated votages necessary for operation or the module are present. The "COM CK" LED incidence whether all four channels are successfully communication with the roat.

The switch labeled "Mode" is used to select between "Local Head" and "Rail" mode. Note that the position of the switch is read only once at the time power is turned on to the Bellance device that is connected to the Analog Rail module. The mode will remain fixed as long as this device is powered up.

As shipped from the factory, the fuse holder on the bottom of the faceplate contains a .25A fuse for 120 VAC input power. If input power will be 24 VDC, you need to replace the fuse with the .75A fuse included along with the Analog Rall module.

2.2 Electrical Description

The Analog Rail module contains two analog input channels that convert 0 16V analog input signals to proportional values between 0 and 4095, equal to 12 bits of digital data. Input signals are filtered through a second order low cass filter. The module also contains two output channels that can output 0 10V analog signals proportional to a value of 0 to 409a. Note that at a cigital output = 4096, the output rolls over to zero again. Negative output values can not be accommodator.

The A/D and D/A conversions are l'iggered by the actual I/D uddate sequences. The conversion rate is therefore dependent upon the scan time of the application task. See figure 2.2 for a typical output direct. See figure 2.3 for a typical input direct.

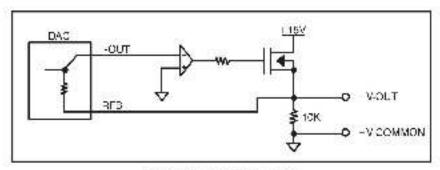


Figure 2.2 - Typical Output Circus

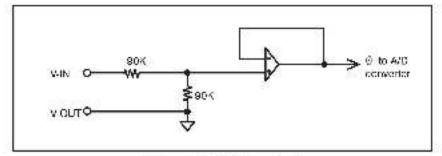


Figure 2.3 - Typical Input Circuit

The Analog Rail module is factory calibrated and requires no olfseygain adjustment. All lour analog 1/0 channels are referenced to the same common. This common is isolated from both the external power supply and the I/O port connection.

The module incorporates extensive diagnostics. In fish mode, check-bits are monitored for accuracy on every transfer of data between the host and the module. In Local Head mode, parity dits are monitored for accuracy on every transfer of data. A fish fault LED on the processor, Fiennote Head, or Local Head will be illuminated if the check bits or parity bits are wrong and all transmission will stop after metries, where n is a value determined by the host slad ware (average n = 4 for AutoMax; AutoMate n = 2).

In the event of sirst fault, all outputs will be set to 0. The "COMION" LEB on the module will go off, it any power required by the module, i.e., the +5 Voits from the PO continequired for communication, the external power supply, or the power required by the Analog NO section, is not within specified limits, all outputs will be set to 0 and the "PWHION" LED will go of.

3.0 INSTALLATION

This section describes how to install and replace the Analog Rail module. Note that analog signals are sensitive to veristions in temperature. The Analog Hall module is sessigned to perform optimally at more temperature, approximately 2000. In all cases, the emblant temperature of the installation must be maintained in the range specified in Appendix A to ensure the highest possible securicity.

DANGER

THE USER IS RESPONSIBLE FOR CONFORMING WITH THE NATIONAL ELECTRICAL CODE AND ALL OTHER APPLICABLE LOCAL CODES, WIRING PRACTICES. GROUNDING, DISCONNECTS, AND OVER-CURRENT PROTECTION ARE OF PARTICULAR IMPORTANCE. FAILURE TO OBSERVETHIS PRECAUTION COULD RESULT IN SEVERE BODILY INJURY OR LOSS OF LIFE.

DANGER

DO NOT TOUCH THE CONNECTORS ON THE FACEPLATE IF THERE IS POWER ON THE WIRES ATTACHED TO THE PLUG CONNECTOR SCREW TERMINALS. ALWAYS TURN OFF POWER BEFORE HANDLING A CONNECTOR THAT IS WIRED, FAILURE TO OBSERVE THIS PRECAUTION COULD RESULT IN SEVERE BODILY INJURY OR LOSS OF LIFE.

WARNING

UNEXPECTED OUTPUT CHANGES MAY RESULT IF AN ANALOG RAIL IS PLUGGED INTO A LOCAL I/O HEAD THAT IS COMMUNICATING WITH A PROCESSOR, ANY HARDWARE CONFIGURATION CHANGES MUST BE MADE ONLY WITH THE LOCAL I/O INTERFACE CABLE (M:N 45C8) DISCONNECTED. FAILURE TO OBSERVE THIS PRECAUTION COULD RESULT IN BODILY INJURY.

CAUTION

THE ANALOG RAIL MODULE IS DESIGNED TO BE POWERED BY EITHER 24 VDC OR 120 VAC. CONNECT THE PROPER POWER SOURCE TO THE MODULE. FAILURE TO OBSERVE THIS PRECAUTION COULD RESULT IN DAMAGE TO OR DESTRUCTION OF THE EQUIPMENT.

3.1 Wiring

To reduce the possibility of electrical hoise interfering with the proper operation of the control system, exercise care when natalling the wiring between the module and the external hardware.

Use shielded twisted pair for all wiring between the Analog Ball module and the external hardware. Belden 1, 8761 or an equivalent cable type is recommended. Gable lengths about be limited to 50 test maximum. For detailed incommendations inter to IEEE 318.

3.2 Initial Installation

Use the following procedure to install the Analog Rail module,

Step 1. Using the mounting almensions shown in figure 3.1, prepare the necessary mounting provisions on the panel. The module is designed to be mounted vertically using four #10 or Mb boits or study. Multiple modules should be mounted side by side. The flange wish of two modules side by side is autificient to disabate the hest produced by the modules. The modules can also be mounted one above the other, but a nee this herdware configuration does not allow the most officient head disabetion, the minimum deerance between the module chassis is \$1.50 figure 3.1.

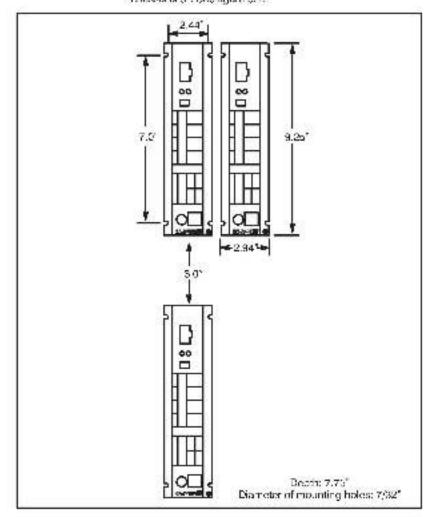


Figure 3.1 - Mounting Dimensions

- Step 2 If the power supply you are using is 24 VDC, replace the factory-installed .25A fuse with the .75A fuse that came in the shipping box with the module. Use a screworiver to release the fuse holder located on the Analog Rail module lapectate. Pull the fuse holder out of the module.
 - iske the 25A fuse out of the fuse holder end replace if with the .75A fuse. Re-inser, the fuse holder into the module. Turn the acrewidiver clockwise while pressing down on the fuse holder. The fuse holder must be flush acainst like faceplate.
- Step 3. Mount the Analog Ball on the panel and attach it securely with #10 (MS) study or bolts.
- Step 4. Make certain that no voltage is present on the wires that will be used to provide 120 VAC or 24 VDC power to the Analog Rail module. Use either a 120 VAC or 24 VDC power supply, but not born.
- Step 5 Using 14 AWC wire connect input power to the acrew terminals on the "Input Power" plug connector on the faceplate as anown below. Strip of approximately 5:16" of insulstion from the wires.

24 VDO Power

Signal	Terminal Label	Terminal Number
24 VDC -	DC-	1
24 VDC - 24 VDC -	DC-	2

120 VAC Power

Signal	Terminal Label	Terminal Number
120 VAC - (neutral)	L2/N	o o
Signal 120 VAC — (neutrali 120 VAC + (hot)	L1	4

Step 6 Use the struct marked "GRID" (ground) on the hottom right flenge of the module to connect a ground wire

DANGER

THE USER IS RESPONSIBLE FOR CONFORMING WITH THE NATIONAL ELECTRICAL CODE AND ALL OTHER APPLICABLE LOCAL CODES, WIRING PRACTICES, GROUNDING, DISCONNECTS, AND OVER-CURRENT PROTECTION ARE OF PARTICULAR IMPORTANCE. FAILURE TO OBSERVETHIS PRECAUTION COULD RESULT IN SEVERE BODILY INJURY OR LOSS OF LIFE.

- Step 7. Turn off all power to any exemal hardware that will provide input signals to the module or be powered by the module.
- Step 8. Attach a retainer clip to the connector at each end of the I/O Rail cable (M-N 4505). Note that iscep ate connectors have alots that correspond to the part of the retainer clip that produces away from the cable connector. The retainer clip is used to assure a light connection between the cable and faceciste connectors.
- Step 9. Using 14-29AWS wire, connect external hardware to the 'Analog I/O' plug connector on the faceplate as shown below. Strip off approximately 5/16' insulation from the wires.

Channel	Terminal Number	Terminal Label	Signal
0	1	V-OUT	0:10V+ bulps.
	2	Common	common
	3	(no label)	(shield, no connection)*
1	4	WOUT	0-10V output
	5	Gommon	common
	6	(no label)	(shield; no connection):
2	7	VIN	0.1dV+ input
	6	Common	common
	9	(no label)	(shield: no connection)*
3	10	V4N	0-10V+ input
	1°	Common	common
	12	(no label)	(shield; no connection)*

^{*}This pin makes no electrical connection to the Analog Rail printed direct board.

Step 10. For the two output channels, connect a shale wire from the external hardware to the thire terminal (terminals 3 and 6, respectively). Insert a jumper between terminals 3 and 3, and between a and is. The shield wire at the external narriwars and of the cable should be cut short and taped back to prevent any electrical contact. See figure 3.2.

Step 11. For the too input channels, connect a shield wire from the external hardware to the third terminal (forminals 9 and 12, respectively). The shield wire at the external hardware end of the cable should be connected to the source reference point. See figure 3.2.

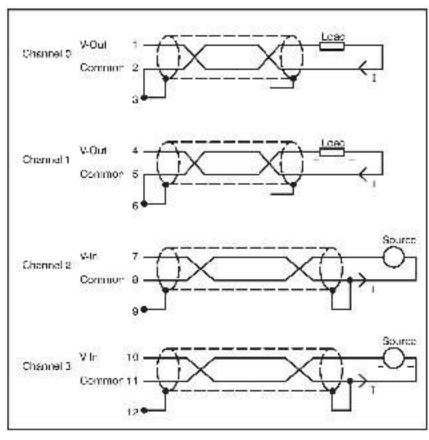


Figure 3.2 - Typical Recommended Input and Dulcut Shielding Methods

- Step 12. Turn off power to the Petance device that will be connected to the Analog Rail module.
- Step 13. Set the "Mode" awitch on the taceplate of the module to the dealed position.
- Step 14. Connect the I/O Ball cable breween the Analog Ball connection labeled "Input" and an I/O got on the Beliance device that will communicate with the module. Turn or gover to the Beliance device that will communicate with the module. Becall that the Mode switch is read each time the Beliance sevice connected to the Analog Bail module is powered up.
- Stap 16. The Analog Rail installation is now ready for testing Inspect all work to assure that the installation has been performed properly.
- Step 16. Turn on power to the "Input Power" wiring. Turn on power to the external handware.
- Step 17. Verily that the haraware has been installed correctly. Before testing, insure that the external haraware will not respond to output signals from the Analog Bail module.

WARNING

BE CAREFUL WHEN WRITING TO THE OUTPUTS TO INSURE THAT NO UNEXPECTED MACHINE MOTION WILL RESULT FAILURE TO OBSERVE THIS PRECAUTION COULD RESULT IN BODILY INJURY OR DAMAGE TO EQUIPMENT.

For AutoMate systems, you must configure the AutoMate processor using the AutoMate Programming Executive (APX) before testing. See section 4.0 for more information. After configuring the module use the AFX Foint Monitor function to test the module. You can test the Analog Ball module's output channels by writing a value between 0 and 4000 to those distinct on the terminal points (0 to 10V) is proportional. To test input channels, writy that the input signal in the channel (0 to 10V) is proportional to a voltment reading at the terminal points.

For DCS 5000, AutoMax, or Distributed Power D-C Drive systems, use the DCS 5000 or AutoMax Programming Executive software I/O Mentitor function, respectively. Test output channels by writing a value between 0 and 4095 to those channels and using a volunteer to verify that the signal on the terminal points (0 to 10V) is proportional. To test input channels, verify the, the input signal in the channel (0 to 10V) is proportional to a volunteer reading at the terminal points.

3.3 Module Replacement

Use the following procedure to replace the module.

- Step 1. Stop any apolication programs that are running
- Step 2. Turn off power to the external hardware connected to the input and output drannels on the iscaplate of the module.
- Step 3. Furnioff power to the Analog Rail module (120 VAC of 24 VDC).
- Step 1. Turn oll power to the Reliance device connected to the Analog Rail module.
- Step 5. Diaconnect the I/O Hell cable from the Analog Pall module
- Step 6. Without disconnecting the wiring, remove the 12 point terminal from the faceplate and set aside.
- Step 7. Without disconnecting the wiring, remove the 4-coint terminal from the faceplate and satisface. Disconnect the ground wire from the bottom right-hand liange.
- Step 8. Logson the services that hold the Ahalog Rel module to the panel and remove the module.
- Step 9. If the power supply you are using is 24 VDC, you need to replace the factory-installed .25A fase in the new module with the .75A fase that come in the shipping box with the module. Use a screworiver to release the fase holder factor on the Analog Rail module laceplate. Pull the Use holder out of the module.

Take the 25A lose out of the fuse holder and replace it with the 75A lose. Re-inser, the fuse holder into the module. Turn the screwdriver clockwise while pressing down on the fuse holder at the same time. The lose holder must be fush against the fuseplate.

- Step 10. Remove the two plug connectors from the taceplate of the new module by pulling them firmly away from the faceplate.
- Step 11. Place the new module over the pattern critical and attachit securely to the wall with #10 or M5 alues or halfs.
- Step 12. Attach the original "2-point and /-point connectors with wiring to the faceplate of the module. Use the stud marked "GND" (ground) on the bottom right flange of the module to connect a ground wire.
- Step 13. Set the fMode" awitch on the taceplate of the module to the deather position.
- Step 14. Connect the I/O Ball cable between the Analog Ball connection labeled "Input" and any fall connection on the Ballance device that will communicate with the module. Furnian power to the Ballance device that will communicate with the mosule. Becall that the Mode switch is read each time the Ballance device connected to the Analog Bail module is powered up. If applicable, re-connect the cable between the Local (O Head, or the DCS 5/00/AutoMax Between the Local (O Head, and the tost.)
- Step 16. Turn on power to the Analog Rail module "Input Fower" occupactions.
- Step 16. Turn on power to the external hardware connected to the Analog Hell module.
- Step 17. Verily that the hareware has been installed correctly. Before teating, insure that the external hareware cannot respond to output signals from the Analog Bail module.

WARNING

BE CAREFUL WHEN WRITING TO THE OUTPUTS TO INSURE THAT NO UNEXPECTED MACHINE MOTION WILL RESULT, FAILURE TO OBSERVE THIS PRECAUTION COULD RESULT IN BODILY INJURY OR DAMAGE TO EQUIPMENT.

For AutoMate systems, use the APX Point Monitor function to teatine module. You can test the Anslog Hell module culput channels by writing a value between 0 and 4096 to those channels and with a voltmeter verilying that the output on the terminal points (0 to 10%) is proportional. To lest input channels, verily that the input signs in the channel (0 to 10%) is proportional to silvoltmeter reading stiffle terminal points.

For DCS x000, AutoMax, or Distributed Fover D-C Drive systems, use the DCS a000 or AutoMax Programming Executive software I/O Monitor function, respectively. Test output channels by writing a value between 0 and 400a to those channels and using a volunter to wrify that the signs on the terminal points (0 to 10V) is proportional. To test input drammels, verify that the input signal in the channel (0 to 10V) is proportional to a volunter reading at the terminal points.

4.0 PROGRAMMING

This section describes how the data is organized in the module and provides evaluates of how the module is accessed by application programs.

When creating application programs, the programmer should estimate the magnitude of input signals and output data because both must be in the specified range of the Analog Rail modula (0.10%), input signals greater than 10% will be champed at 409s. Input signals greater than approximately 11.3% will also cause the over range bit (12 decimal; 14 octal) to be set to 1. Signals less than 6% are champed at zero (3). Signals less than approximately =1% will also cause the under range bit (13 decimal; 15 octal) to be set to 1. See figure 4.1

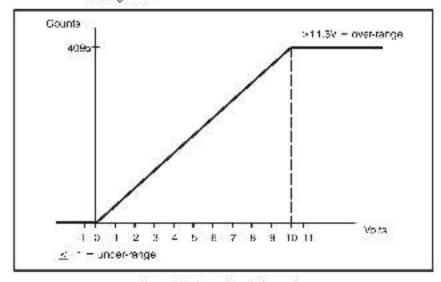


Figure 4.* Input Signal Conversion

Recall that at a digital output = 4096, the output rolls over to zero again. The programmer must include limits in the application software to ensure that the data sent to output channels is always in the specified range (allowable range = 0 to 4095).

4.1 Analog Rall Module In AutoMate Systems

This section describes how the Analog Bail is used with AntibNate systems. Local Head mode allows all four channels on the module to be updated at the one of the scan (normal I/O update rate in this configuration), or during the scan using A N and AOUT blocks (see section 4.1.4). Bail mode allows only one channel to be updated at the end of the acan (normal I/O update rate in this configuration), or all four of a mods to be updated outing the scan if AIN and AOUT blocks are used.

4.1.1 Configuring the AutoMate Processor for Use with the Analog Rall Module

Configuration is the process of describing in software how the hardware and software in the system are related. The Analog Ball module is configured using the AutoMate Programming Executive (APX) software, M4N 450130 or 450131. Select CON FIGURE SYSTEM from the main menu to create the configuration.

Note that the Analog Ball module can also be configured using the AutoMate Engineering System (APS) software, M/N 45C134, 45C144, 45C142, or 45C143. Refer to instruction manual JP-3041 for additional information.

The Analog Rail module is configured depending upon the mode in which it is being used. See figures 4.2, 4.3, 4.4, 4.5, and 4.6 for how to configure the Analog Rail for use with AutoMate processors. The sample configurations are shown as they appear on the APX screen. Unless otherwise noted, all references to the AutoMate 20, 30, and 40 will also apply to the 20E, 30E and the 40E, respectively.

Analog Rail Module with AutoMate 20 (Local Head Mode or Rail Mode)

AutoMate 20 registers reserved for corticontiguration:

2734	Port Clot AutoMate 20
2735	Port 1 of AutoMale 20
2736	Port 2 of AutoMate 20
2727	Port 3 of AutoMate 20

Local Head Mode

Enter the value 64XX for the register representing the port to which the Analog Rail module is connected, where XX is a value from 00-14*. The XX value represents the first register in a set of four contiguous registers that will be used to store data for the port.

Rail Mode

Enter the value 16XX for the register representing the port to which the Analog-Rait module is connected: where XX is a value from 00.17*. The XX value represents the register that will be used to multiplex data through the (AC port.)

Figure 4.2 - Configuration for Analog Fiat Module with AutoMate 20.

^{*}Values are in octal notation.

Analog Rail Module Connected Directly to AutoMate 50 or / 0 (Local Head Mode or Rail Mode) The following asimple configuration shows two Analog Rail modules connected: directly to an AutoMate 35 or 40 Processor in Local Head mode. NS DESCRIPTION CONTROL FOR THE STATE OF THE The following sample configuration shows two Analog Ball modules connected: directly to an AutoMate 30 or 40 Processor in Ref. Mode :

Fig. rc 4.3- Sample Configurations for Analog Ball Module
Connected Directly to AutoMale 30 or 40

Analog Rail Module Connected to AutoMate 30 or 40 Through a Local PO Fesd (Rail Mode Chly) The following sample configuration shows two Analog Rail indoules connected to an AutoMate 90 or 40 through a Local (fO Head: 96.1 GeV 191 (6.1 G41) G45 (LOS LEGAL) EQS LEGAL (G45 LGS LEGAL) G5 (LGS LEGAL)

Figure 4.4 Sample Configuration for Analog Rail Module Connected to AutoMate 30 or 40 I crough Local IXX Hasd

Analog Rail Module with AutoMate Local I/O Processor (Local Head Mode Only) The following sample configuration shows three Analog Rail indoules connected to a Local I/O Processor in a remote rack. KS D CX YP ES 1900 CM D GS 4CH D GS 10M 4 GS 10M D GS D 2 1 34K 2 EOP 1MD 93 E-E 47 EMD 1915 NO

Figure 4.5 Sample Configuration for Analog Rail Module with AutoMare Focal PO Processor

Analog Rail Module with AutoMate Remote I/O Head (Local Head Mode Chivi-The following sample configuration shows one Analog Rail module connected to an AutoMate Remote (/O Head: RSI DIXON 17 RSI DIXON DEGLARDA BICHI BIGNI BIDRE BIGNI BICHI BISHI BISHI BI Z. C. H-D. H-D. SSI N.J. MIC. MIC. MIC.

Figure 4.6- Sample Configuration for Analog Bail Module, with AutoMate Remote 70 Head

4.1.2 AutoMate Programming in Rail Mode

In Rail mode, the Analog Rail module is imaged in one I/O register of the processor. Data from one of the four channels will occupy the register as a function of the channel select bits. The active channel is updated at the end of each scan. For input channels, the two channel select bits in the register must be set to the appropriate input channel number. After the I/O update, the register contains the data in the format shown in figure 4.7. For output channels, the data in the register must be in the format shown in figure 4.8 prior to the I/O update.

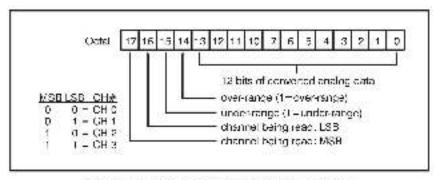


Figure 4.7 - Rail Mode Register Image for input Channels

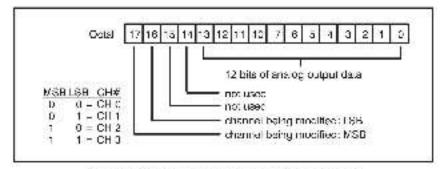


Figure 4.8 - Rail Mode Register Image for Output Channels

The Analog Rail module data may also be accessed in the middle of the span has opposed to the end of the span, which is the normal mode of operation for cigital rail I/O) using the appropriate number of Analog in (AIN) and Analog Out (ACUT) blocks. The AIN block will check whether the over-range on under-range bits have been set by the module and the error coil will be energized, if applicable. The ACUT block will set the channel select bits appropriately. See section 4.1.4 for more information about the AIN and ACUT blocks.

Note that the AIN and AOLT blocks are supported by the AutoMate 20E M/N 46C224 and 46C225, but not the AutoMate 20 (M/N 45C20, 45C21, 45C220, 45C221) by AFX Version 3.0.

For processors that do not support the AIN and AOUT blocks, you can use the MOVE block to move data in and out of the registers assigned and to determine the channel selectibits. Overrange and under range bits should be used as incuts to error coils. The I/O update will occur automatically at the end of sech again. See Appointix C for a sample AutoMate program that reads from and writes to the Ahalog Rail module without using AIN and AOUT blocks.

4.1.3 AutoMate Programming in Local Head Mode

In Local Head mode, the module is imaged in four I/O registers of the processor. Data from all four channels is always available and will be updated at the end of each scan. For input channels, if is not necessary to select the channel. After the I/O update, the register contains the data in the format shown in figure 4.9. For output channels, the data in the register must be in the format shown in figure 4.10 poor to the I/O update.

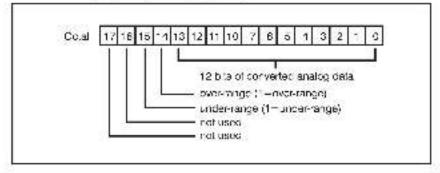


Figure 4.9 - Local Head Register Image for Input Channels

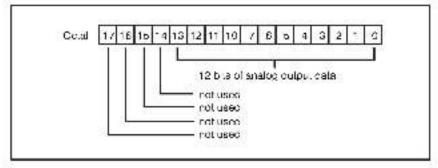


Figure 4.10 Local Head Register Image for Output Channels

The Analog Rail module data may also be accessed in the middle of the scan (as coposed to the end of the scan) using the appropriate number of Analog In (AIN) and Analog Cut (ACUT) blocks. The AIN block will set the eventange or under range bits if applicable. See section 4.1.4 for more information about the AIN and ACUT blocks.

No.e that the AIN and AOUT blocks are supported by the Auk Male 20E M/N 450227 and 450225, but not the AutoMale 20 (M/N 45020, 45021, 450220, 450221) by APX Version 3.0.

For processors that do not support the AIN and AOUT blocks, you can use the MOVE block to move eats in and out of the registeral essigned. Giver-range and under-range bits should be used as inputs to error colls. The I/O update will occur sufformatically affine end of each acan. See Appendix G for a semple AutoMate program that writes to and reads from the Analog Ball module without using AIN and AOUT blocks.

4.1.4 Analog In (AIN) and Analog Out (AOUT) Instruction Blocks

The AIN and AOUT clocks are used, respectively, to read inpute from and write culpute to the Analog Hall module. All, and AOUT Blocks are supported for the 20E processor. The AIN and AOUT blocks make it possible to update the channels on the Analog Rail module during the acan instead of all the end of the acan (the standard AutoMate 70 update). The blocks also make it possible to update all four channels during the span in Rail mode, a harowers configuration which would otherwise allow only one channel on the module of be updated. The lonnal of the two blocks is shown in figures 7.11 and 1.12.

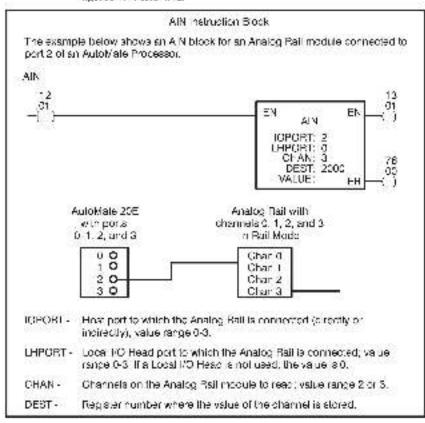


Figure 4.11 - Al Vinstruction Block

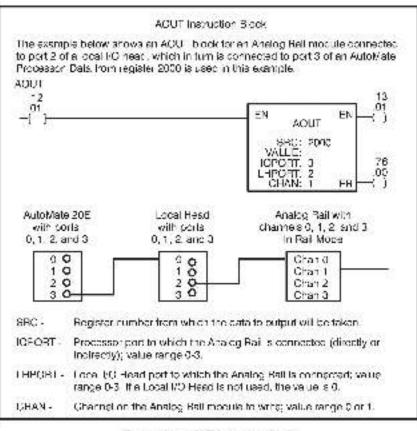


Figure 4.12 - 40UT Instruction Block

4.2 Analog Rail Module in DCS 5000/AutoMax Systems

This section describes how the Analog Rail module is used with DCS 5x00yAutoMax systems.

4.2.1 Configuring the Analog Rail Module with a DCS 5000/AutoMax Remote I/O Head

The Analog Rati module is used in the Local Hose mode when the host is a DUS 5000-AutoMax Hemote I/O. Head, For AutoMax Version 3.0 or later, the Analog Rati module is configured using the AutoMax Programming Executive. Refer to natruction misulai J-3750 for more information. For DOS 5000 or AutoMax Version 2.1 or sertler, the module is defined in the configuration task for the master rack using the DOS 5000 or AutoMax Programming Executive activates. See Instruction manual J-364-9 for more information on the configuration task.

For DCS 5000 or AutoMax Version 2.1 or earlier, tase the RIODEF statement to deline each channel on the Analog Rail module as a separate register. Note that in addition to delining each channel as a register, you can also deline the overrange and uncertainge bits for each channel separately. These bits can also be defined using the RIODEF statement. Use the following forms, for the RIODEF statement:

nnant RICCEF name (MASTER_SLCT=m, DROP=c, SLCT=c, REGISTER=-, BIT=b) where:

- minnin Configuration task line number, range 1-32787.
- name Symbolic name of channel, ending with to (integer) for registers, @ (booleans) for oits
- Slot in rack containing DCS 5000/AutoMax master remote I/O module: range 0.15.
- Drop number of DOS 5000/AutoMax Remote I/O Head, range 1-7.
- Communication port on the DCS tuto/AutoMax Remote I/O Head to which the Analog Rail module or Local I/O Head is connected; range 6-3.
- r Register number; range 0.3.
- Optional teld cettring the bit position within the register number; rance 0-15.

4.2.2 Configuring the Analog Rail Module with a Power Module Interface Processor Hosi

The Analog Rail module is used in the Rail mode when the host is a Power Module Interlade (PMI) Processor, Beginning with AutoMax Version 3.3, the Analog Rail module is configured using the AutoMax Programming Executive, Refer to instruction manual J2 3046 for more information.

4.2.3 DC\$ 5000/AutoMax Programming

When programming the Analog Rail module, it is recommended that you monitor the state of the over-range and under-range bits for the input channels. You can sheek the alaus of the appropriate bits directly if they were defined in the configuration. You can also use the BASIC expression AND with the variable name assigned to the input channel to mask off the 12 bits of shalog data and read the values in the over-range and under-range cits. Any non-zero result means that the value is cut of range. See the following three statements for examples of now to detect values out of range. Use the hexagedinal values shown to mask off the analog data.

The value in the channel defined as CHANNEL_2 is either over-range or understange:

10000 HANGE EBHORS9 = ICHANNEL 2 AND 3000H.

The value in the channel defined as CHANNEL_2 is over range: 11000 OVER_ERROR® = CHANNEL_2 AND 1000H

The value in the channel defined as CHANNEL_2 is under-range: 12000 UNDER_ERROR@ = CHANNEL_2 AND 2000H

5.0 DIAGNOSTICS AND TROUBLESHOOTING

DANGER

THE REMAINING STEPS ARE MADE WITH POWER ON, EXERCISE EXTREME CAUTION BECAUSE HAZARDOUS VOLTAGE EXISTS. FAILURE TO OBSERVE THIS PRECAUTION COULD RESULT IN SEVERE BODILY INJURY OR LOSS OF LIFE.

WARNING

ONLY QUALIFIED ELECTRICAL PERSONNEL FAMILIAR WITH THE CONSTRUCTION AND OPERATION OF THIS EQUIPMENT AND THE HAZARDS INVOLVED SHOULD INSTALL, ADJUST. OPERATE: AND/OR SERVICE THIS EQUIPMENT. READ AND UNDERSTAND THIS MANUAL IN ITS ENTIRETY BEFORE PROCEEDING. FAILURE TO OBSERVE THIS PRECAUTION COULD RESULT IN BODILY INJURY.

WARNING

INSERTING OR REMOVING THIS PRODUCT OR ITS CONNECTING CABLES MAY RESULT IN UNEXPECTED MACHINE MOTION. POWER TO THE MACHINE SHOULD BE TURNED OFF BEFORE INSERTING OR REMOVING THE PRODUCT OR ITS CONNECTING CABLES. FAILURE TO OBSERVE THIS PRECAUTION COULD RESULT IN BODILY INJURY.

In its section explains how to troubleshoot the Analog Hail module. If you cannot correct the problem using the instructions below the unit is not user-serv cashie.

5.1 Both LEDs on the Faceplate are Off

Problem. The "PWR OK" and "COM OK" LEDs on the faceplate are off. This problem can include that the unit is not receiving the +5V from the processor or Local or Remote Head, the 120 VAC or 24 VDC from the external power supply, or both within the specified ranges. This problem can also indicate that the power supply juse (.75A or .25A) has blown or that the impoure is malfund, ching.

Step 1 Stop any apolloriton programs or tasks that are running. Use a volumeter to measure the input power (120 VAC) or 24 VDC) to the module. Verify that the power source is providing 120 VAC or 24 VDC, whichever is appropriate.

DANGER

VOLTAGE IS PRESENT ON THE PLUG CONNECTOR TERMINALS. DISCONNECT THE POWER AT THE SOURCE BEFORE TOUCHING THE PLUG CONNECTOR TERMINALS. FAILURE TO OBSERVE THIS PRECAUTION COULD RESULT IN SEVERE BODILY INJURY OR LOSS OF LIFE.

DANGER

DO NOT TOUCH THE CONNECTORS ON THE FACEPLATE IF THERE IS POWER ON THE WIRES ATTACHED TO THE PLUG CONNECTOR SCREW TERMINALS. ALWAYS TURN OFF POWER BEFORE HANDLING A CONNECTOR THAT IS WIRED. FAILURE TO OBSERVE THIS PRECAUTION COULD RESULT IN SEVERE BODILY INJURY OF LOSS OF LIFE.

- Step P. um off power to the module. Verify that the input power connector is connected acrumly to the faceplate. Verify that the I/O Hall cable connections are tight at both ends.
- Step 3. Turn or power to the module. If the LEDs are still off, by replacing the I/O Rail cubic. Check that the input connector pins are not bent.
- Step 4. If the LEDs are still off, turn off power to the module and replace the power supply fuse on the front panel following the directions below.

CAUTION

MAKE CERTAIN THAT THE ANALOG RAIL MODULE CONTAINS THE PROPER FUSE FOR THE POWER SUPPLY BEING USED, USE A .25 A FUSE FOR 120 VAC POWER AND A .75A FUSE FOR 24 VDC POWER, FAILURE TO OBSERVE THIS PRECAUTION COULD RESULT IN DAMAGE TO OR DESTRUCTION OF THE EQUIPMENT.

- a) Use a screwdriver to release the fuse tolder incated on the Analog Hall module faceplate. Full the fuse holder out of the module.
- b) Take the old fuse out of the fuse holder and replace it with the new fuse. Use a 25A fuse for 120 VAC power and a 75A fuse for 24 VDC power. See Appendix A for the fuse type and rating.
- c) Re-maint the fuse holder into the module. Turn the screworker clockwise while pressing down on the fuse holder. The fuse holder must be flush against the faceolate.
- Step 5. um or power to the module, if both LHDs attlice not light, replace the module.

5.2 The "COM OK" LED Is Off

Problem: The 1/ON OK* LED on the tecepishe is affiliated. signifies whether there is communication between the Analog Rail and the host. The LED should be on the communication, a taking place. The cossible causes of this problem are incorrect comiguration, a disconnected or matturer oning I/O Hall cable, a matturerioning host one matturerioning. Analog Rail module. After verifying that the comiguration of the Analog Hall is correct follow the steps below to lacists the problem.

 Step 1. Step any application programs or tasks that are running and turn off power to the Analog Ball module.

DANGER

VOLTAGE IS PRESENT ON THE PLUG CONNECTOR TERMINALS, DISCONNECT THE POWER AT THE SOURCE BEFORE TOUCHING THE PLUG CONNECTOR TERMINALS, FAILURE TO OBSERVE THIS PRECAUTION COULD RESULT IN SEVERE BODILY INJURY OR LOSS OF LIFE.

DANGER

DO NOT TOUCH THE CONNECTORS ON THE FACEPLATE IF THERE IS POWER ON THE WIRES ATTACHED TO THE PLUG CONNECTOR SCREW TERMINALS. ALWAYS TURN OFF POWER BEFORE HANDLING A CONNECTOR THAT IS WIRED. FAILURE TO OBSERVE THIS PRECAUTION COULD RESULT IN SEVERE BODILY INJURY OR LOSS OF LIFE.

- Step 2 Verily that the connections on both ends of the PO fish cable are tight. Sheck that the input connector pins are not bent.
- Step 3 um on power to the module. The "LOM OK". ED aboutd be illuminated from munication is taking place. If the LED still does not illuminate, turn off power to the module and replace the PG Ball cable.
- Step 4. If applicable, try to reset the condition by disconnecting and then re-connecting the cable between the host and the Local I/O Head, the AutoMate Remote /O Head, or the DCS 6000/vutoMax Remote I/O Head. Troubleshoot the host if necessary. If the problem is still not corrected, replace the Auston Rail module.

5.3 Incorrect Data

Problem: The cats (signer) being read or written is atways on, always of or different tran expectoe. The possible causes of this problem are incorrect configuration, a programming error a disconnected or methodicaling I/O Bail cable, disconnected or methodicaling widing to the external herdware, methodicaling external herdware or sime functioning Analog Hall module. After verifying that the configuration of the module is correct, follow the steep below to isolate the problem.

- Step 1. Verily that the application program(s) is correct. Check to see that the program is referencing the correct registers (AutoMaie) or symbolic names (DCS 5000/AutoMax). In DCS 5000/AutoMax applications, make certain that the program is no, attempting to write to the input channels. Verily that the data being output is within the specified limits.
- Step 2 Stop any application tasks that are running. Turn of power to the Analog Rail module

- Step 3. Try to dear the condition by disconnecting and then re-connecting the I/O Rail cable. Make certain the connections are tight. If applicable, check the connections between the host and the Local I/O Head, the AutoMate Remote I/O Head, or the DCS 5000/AutoMax Remote I/O Head. Check that the input connector bins are not best.
- Step 4. Furnioff power to the external hardware. Verify that the wiring to the external hardware is tight and functioning correctly.
- Step 5. Turn or power to the external hardware. Before testing make certain that the external hardware connect respondto output's gnals from the Analog Bail module.

For input channels, use the Executive softwers to read the value on the input channels. Use a softmeter to read the input signal and compare the two. If the signal is being converted correctly, there is a problem with the external hardware or wiring

For outout channels, use the Executive software to write a value between 0 and 4095 to the channels. Use a volumeter to verify that the aignal on the terminal points is proportional to the value of the aignal is being converted correctly, there is a problem with the external hardware or within.

Step 6. Troubleshort the external hardware, the wiring, and the host.

5.4 Constant Under-Range

Problem: the under-range bit (12 decimal) on an input channel register is constantly set to 1. Assuming that the power supply for the external hardware connected to the input channels is providing an input signal within the specified limits (0-10V), the possible causes of this problem are incorrect (reversed) input signal wiring on the module faceplate, alloose connector on the analog I/O section of the faceplate, or loose or instructioning wring. Follow the steps below to lacistic the croclem.

- Step 1. Step any application tasks that are running. Turn off power to the external hardware connected to the module. Turn off input power (120 VAC or 24 VDC) to the module.
- Verily that the 12-point connector on the analog I/O section of the module faceplate is securely attached to its mating hall.
- Step 3. Verify that the signs! wiring on the module faceplate is correct. See step 9 in section 3.2 for more information. Verify that the wiring is 1ght and functioning property.

Appendix A

Technical Specifications

Ambient Conditions

- Storage temperature: -40°C to 85°C -40°F to 185°F
- Operating temperature at the module: 0°C to 60°C 32°F to 140°F
- Humidity: 5 90% non-condensing.

Dimensions

- Height, 9.25 inches (23.5 cm);
- Width: 2.94 inches (7.5 cm)
- Bepth: 7.75 inches (18.1 cm including plug-in connectors);
- Weight 4.5 lbs (2.1 kg).

Maximum Recommended Cable Length for Analog Signal Wiring

aŭ leat (Belden dyŝt or equivalent type).

Maximum Power Dissipation

▼ 4.5 Watra

Communication Power Requirements

+6% 250 mA (supplied by host enough (C Bail cable).

Analog Circuit Power Supply

(use either 120 VAC or 24 VDC supply)

- 120 VAC supply: 92 102V acceptable range (+15%/+20%).
 Maximum current: 150 mÅ.
- 24 VDC supply: 20 32V acceptable range (+33%-16%) Maximum current 350 mA

Fuse Types and Rating

- MDO 256 VAC .25A (for 120 VAC power)
- MDO 250 VAC .75A (for 24 VDC power)

Maximum Source KVA

. 10

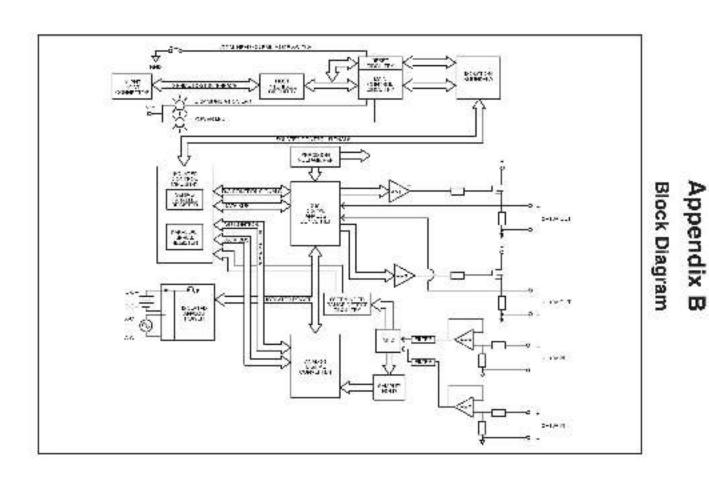
Appendix A (Continued)

Input Channels

- Operating range: 0 10 VDC
- Number of channels: 2 (single-ended).
- Number of commens: 1 (shared among all 4 channels).
- Base after: 12 bits binsry.
- Nor-Triearity: ____ LSB maximum
- Accuracy: 1,33% of full scale at 25°C max mum.
- Thermal drift: ± 50 pom/degree G
- Type of converter: Successive approximation
- Speed of conversion, 13 uses.
- Impedance: 130K Ohn: ± 0.2%
- hput filler, 2nd order 160Hz, ow page
- imput overvollage protection; ± 115 VDC continuous.
- solstion of analog section from host and input power: 2500V RMS.

Output Channels

- Operating range: 0 10 VDC (abort-circuit protected).
- Number of channels, 2 (angle-ended).
- Number of commons: 1 (shared among all 4 channels).
- Resolution, 12 bill binsty.
- Non-Inearity, ±1 LSB maximum
- Accuracy, ± 0.06% of full scale at 25° C maximum.
- Thermal Drift: 20 pont/degree C.
- Type of converter: 2 independent DACs on a monothrib. C.
- Speed of conversion: Scan Dependent
- Maximum output current: 20 mA at 10V output.
- Output settling time: 100 used, max into 10K Ohm 1000pF load.
- Minimum load resistance: 500 Ohres.
- Maximum dae capacitance: 1000 pF maximum including cabling capacitance to field device
- solation of analog, section from best and input power: 2500V BMS.



Y

Appendix C

Sample AutoMate Program

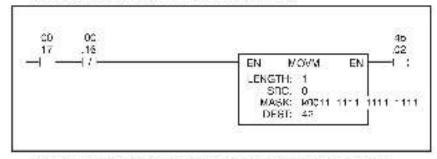
The following AutoMate program sequences can be used to interface to an AutoMate Processor that does not support the AIN or AOUT blocks. Over a period of four scans, the program below maps registers 40 through 43 to the four channels of an Analog Raif module in Raif mode.

Redisters Used

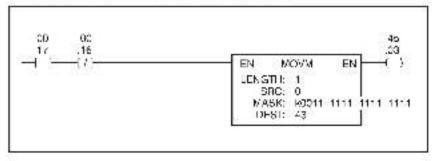
0	Register that is configured to be updated at the one of scen.
10	Value to output to channel 0
41	Value to output to channel 1
42	Value as input to alkanne; 2
13	Value as input to channe 3
44	Counter to select channel to operate this scen
40	Cuis

Beginning of the Scan

If channel 2 was selected at the end of last again, read the data that has now come back into register 42. The channel select bits are desired, but the under-range and over-range bits are left for later teating.



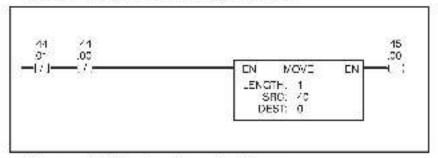
If channel 3 was selected at the end of last scan, read the data that has now come back into register 43. The channel select bits are desired, but the under range and over-range bits are laft for later teating.



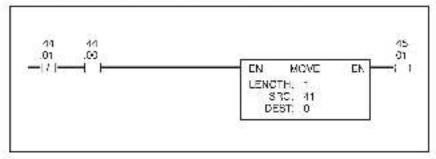
Appendix C (Continued)

At the End of the Scan.

If counter = 0, MOVE register 40 to register 0 for output.



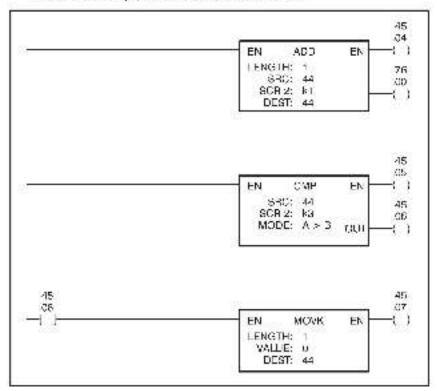
If counter = 1, MOVE register 41 to register 0 for output.



Move counter to two most significant bits of output register to select which channel to appeale.

Appendix C (Continued)

Increment counter 0, 1, 2, 3 and then back to 0, and so on



For additional information

1 Allen-Bradley Drive Mayfield Heights, Ohio 44124 USA Tel: (800) 241-2886 or (440) 646-3599 http://www.reliance.com/automax

rewww.rockwells.rtomation.com

Corporate Handquisters
**Lower Face Control of Control

Emalgament for Allian Grading Produces, Pactived Solovers Fraction and Eleba Manufacturing Solveton.

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Emalgorance for Bedga and Bulliana Blasma Bradiena America: Tachwall dute micro 20 The face Care, Cassevilla 52 395 5-85 ft 1.54, "ab)(1.00157/800, "ab)(1.00451.90) and workfaller to Marce feeter, if Automotive Bally ab 22 0 / 482-1546 (Art as the eart, but ACC 1919 for the West 1.74) 500 habit Markett Warreston St. Owen Keel, Jill 4 (42 November 18 November 32 November 42 No

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